

Ravnoteža kapljevina-  
kapljevina

# Ravnoteža kapljevina-kapljevina

## Fazna ravnoteža

Nema kemijskih ili elektrokemijskih procesa

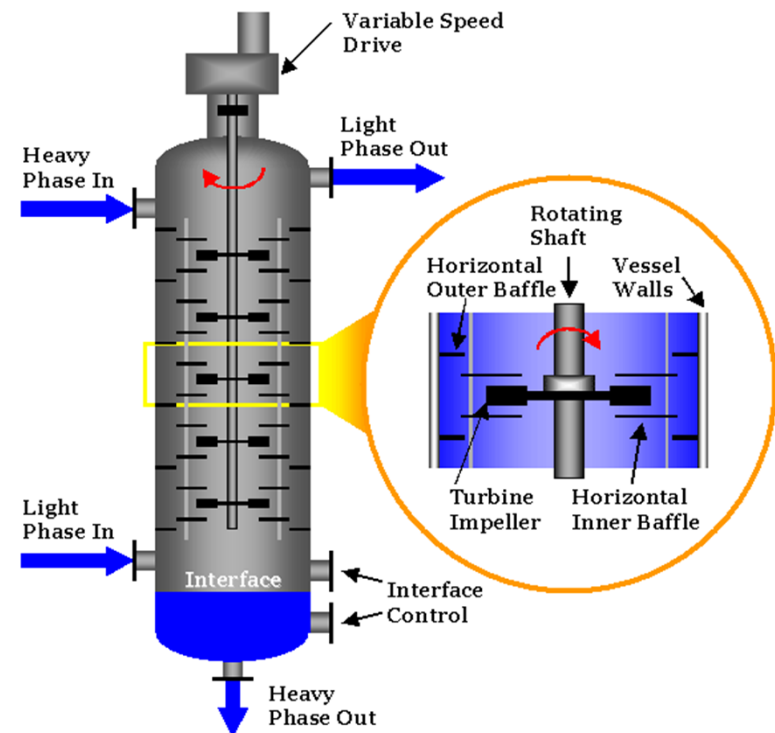
Industrijska praksa

Razdvajanje smjesa na komponente

Jednokratna i višekratna **ekstrakcija**

Kontinuirana **kolonska ekstrakcija**

**Heterogena azeotropna destilacija**



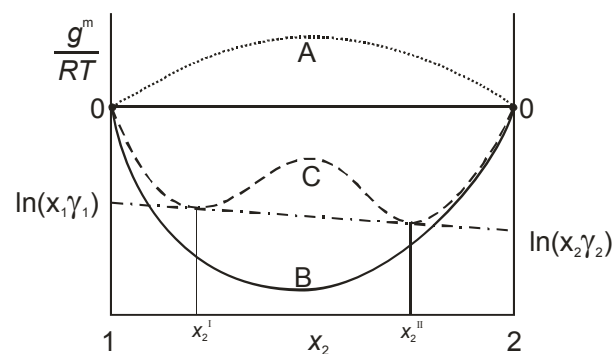
# Fizikalnokemijske osnove

## Kemijski potencijal

$$\mu_i = \bar{g}_i = \left( \frac{\partial G}{\partial n_i} \right)_{p, T, n_{j \neq i}}$$

## Metoda tangente

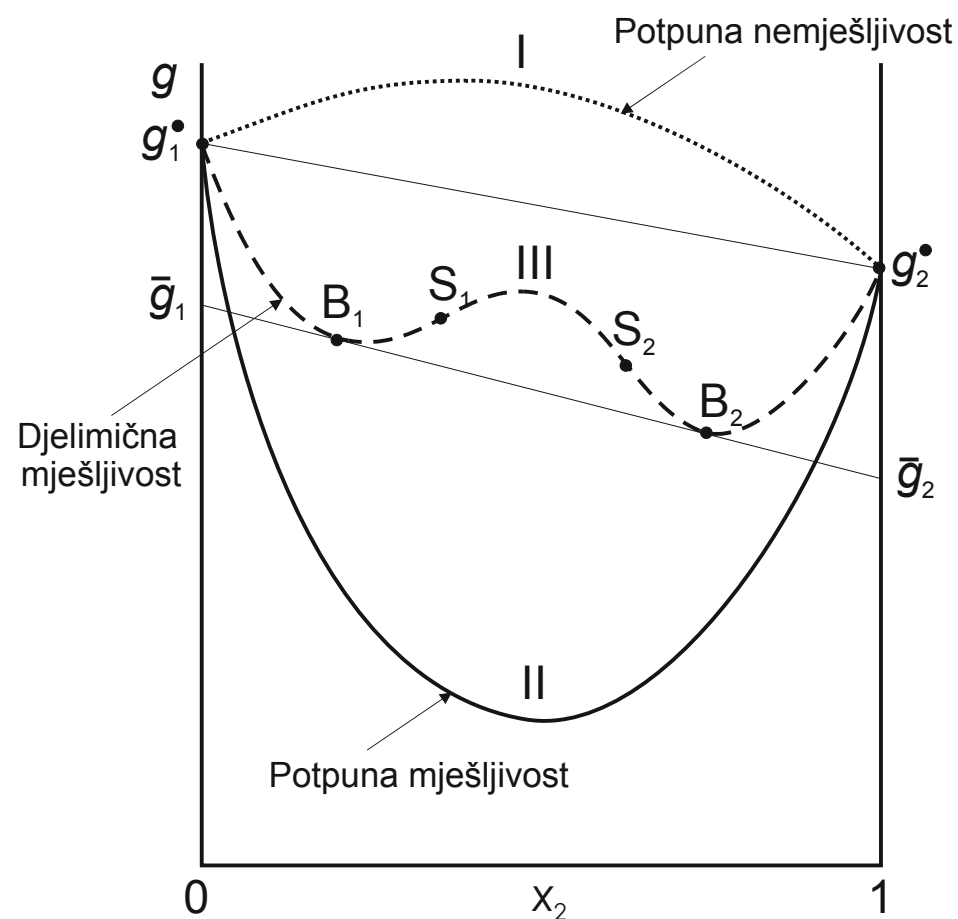
$$\mu_i = \bar{g}_i = g + (1 - x_i) \frac{\partial g}{\partial x_i}$$



## Gibbsova energija miješanja

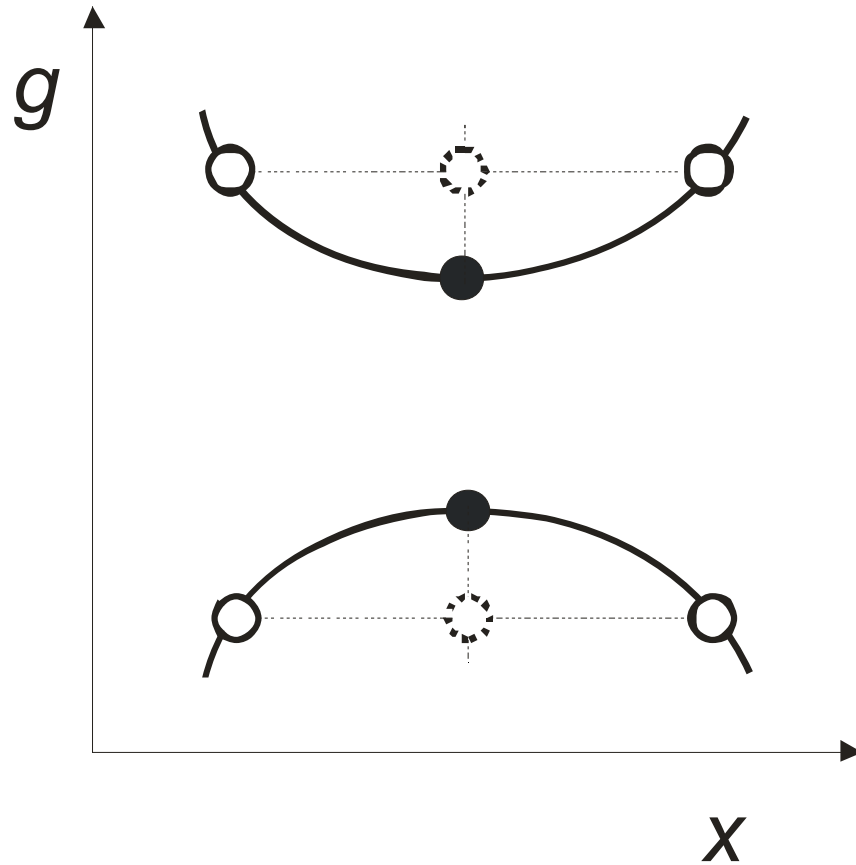
Uvjet ravnoteže – jednakost aktivnosti

Jednakost kemijskih potencijala u dvokomponentnim sustavima

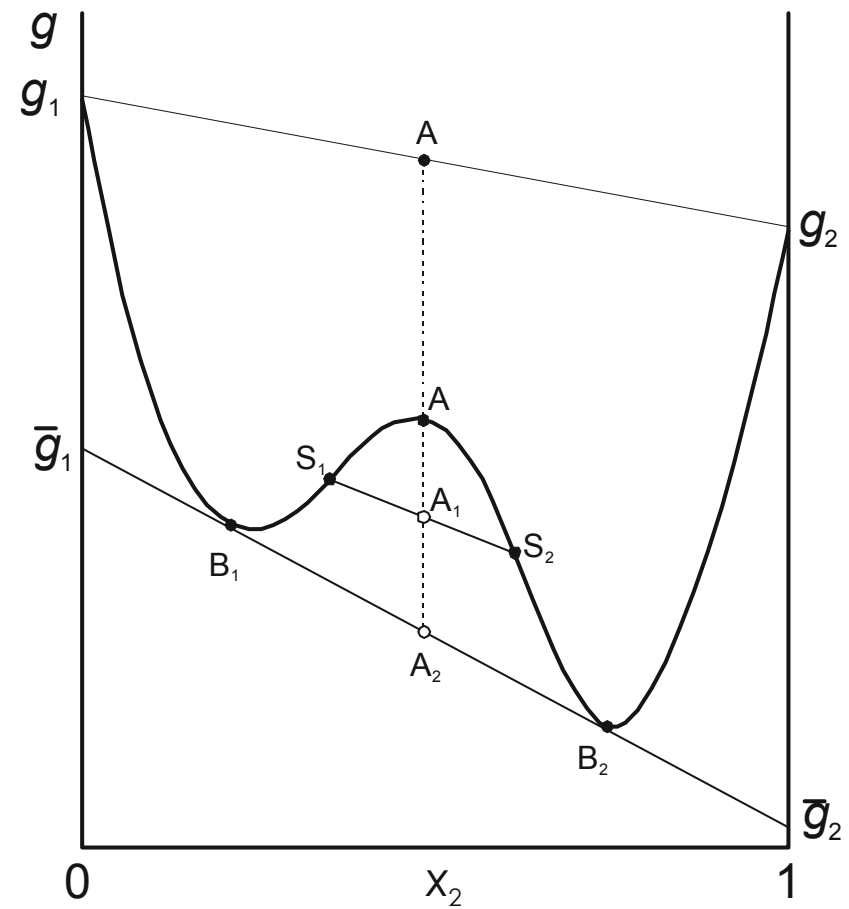


# Fizikalnokemijske osnove

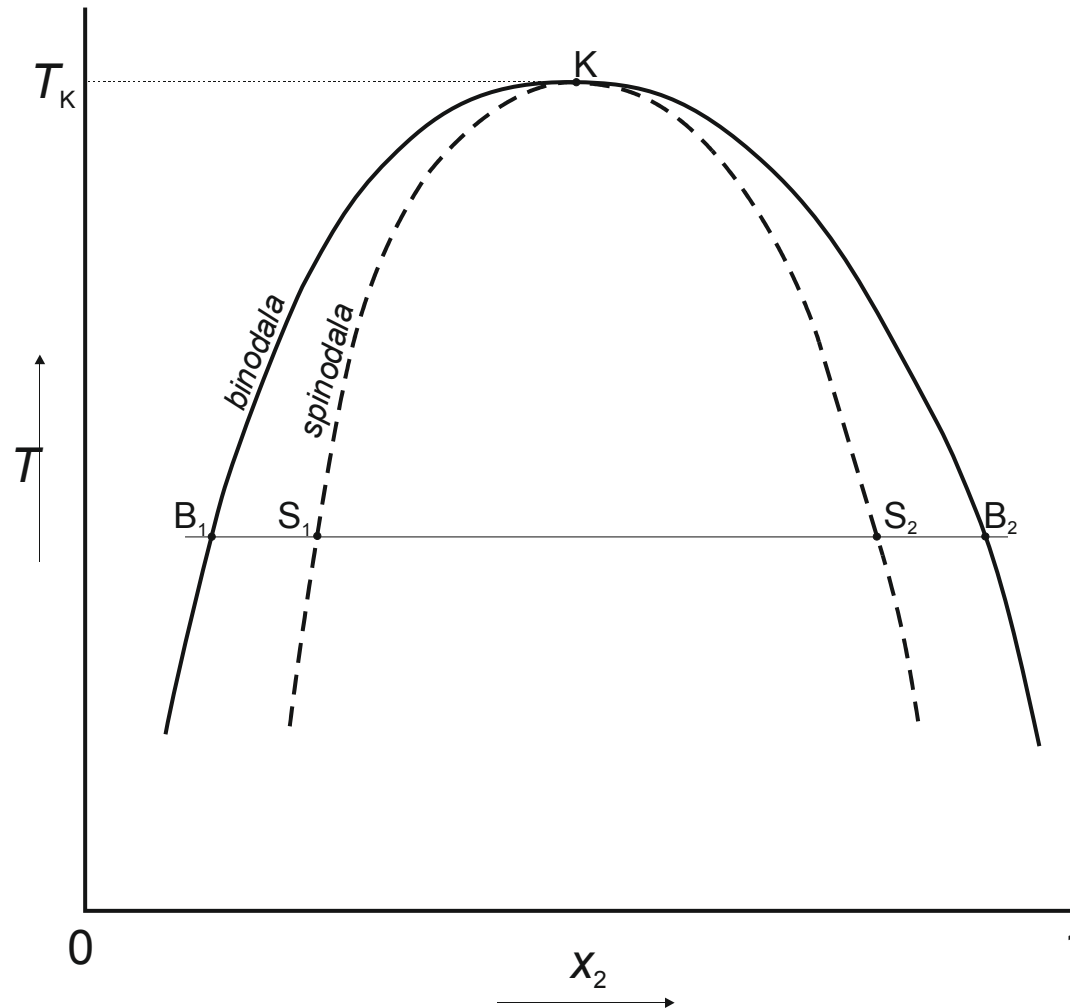
Nestabilno i metastabilno područje



Snižavanje Gibbsove energije



# Fizikalnokemijske osnove



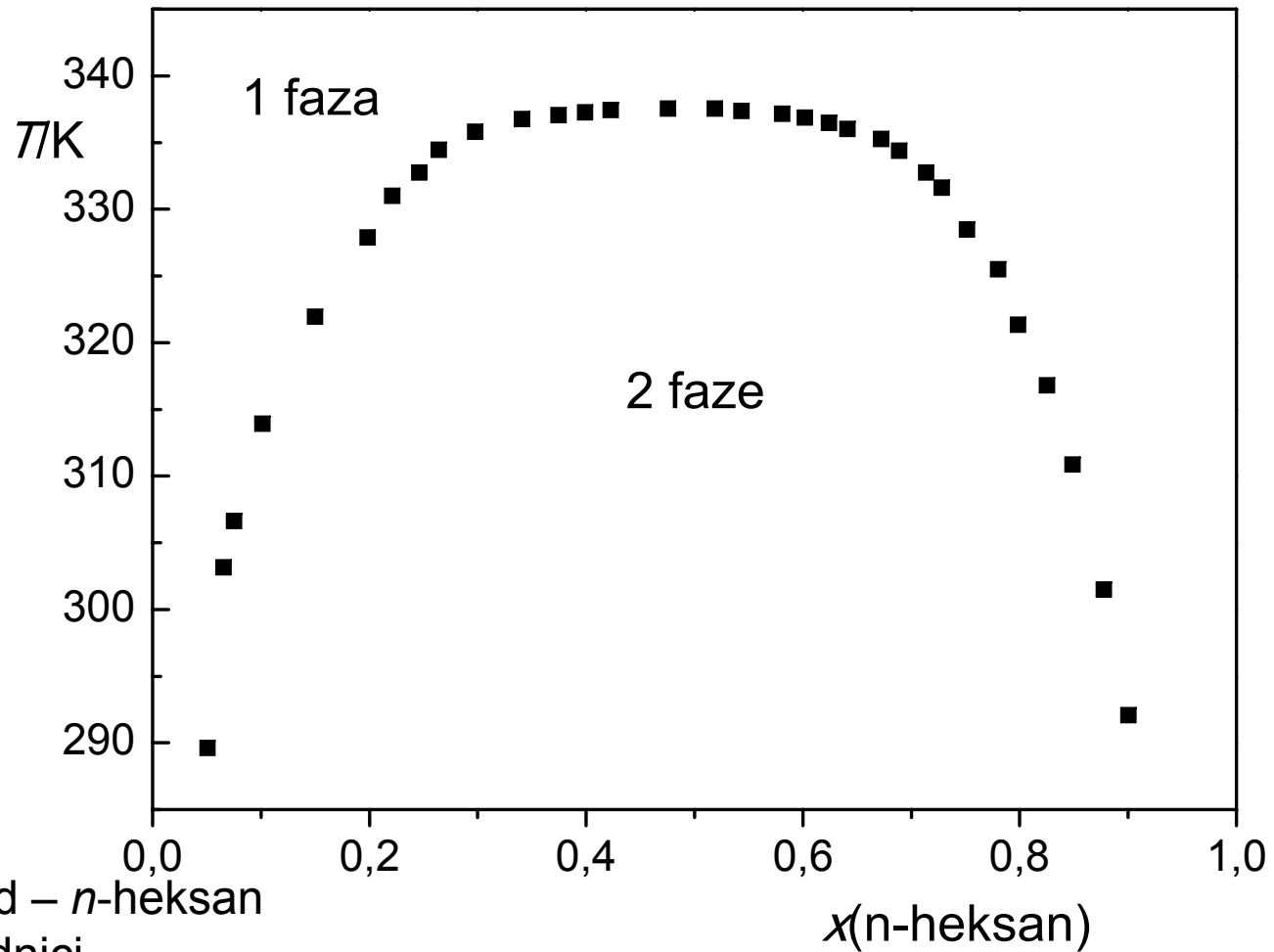
Ovisnost ravnotežnih sastava  
o temperaturi

Kritična temperatura otopine

Binodalna i spinodalna  
krivulja

# Fazni dijagrami

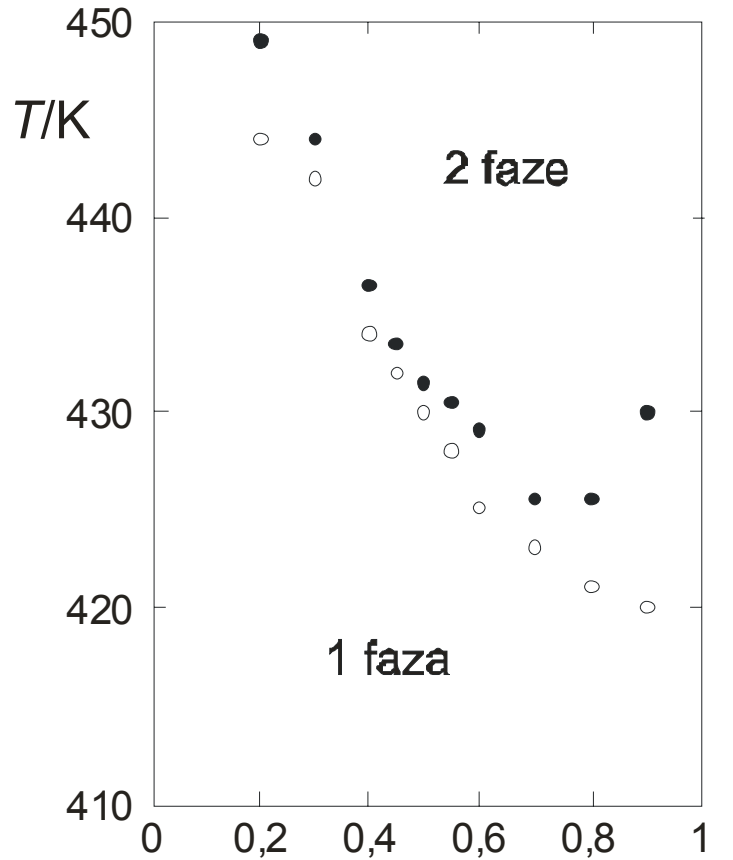
Ovisnost ravnotežnih sastava o temperaturi



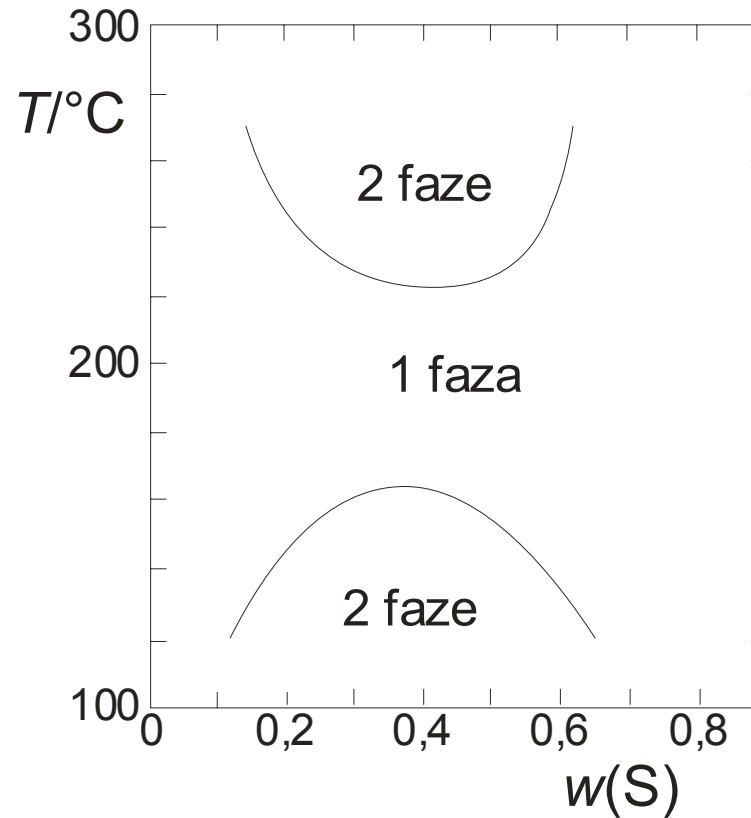
Dimetilformamid – *n*-heksan  
Matsuda i suradnici

# Fazni dijagrami

Ovisnost ravnotežnih sastava o temperaturi



$w(\text{PVME})$   
Polistiren - polivinilmetileter  
Xie i suradnici

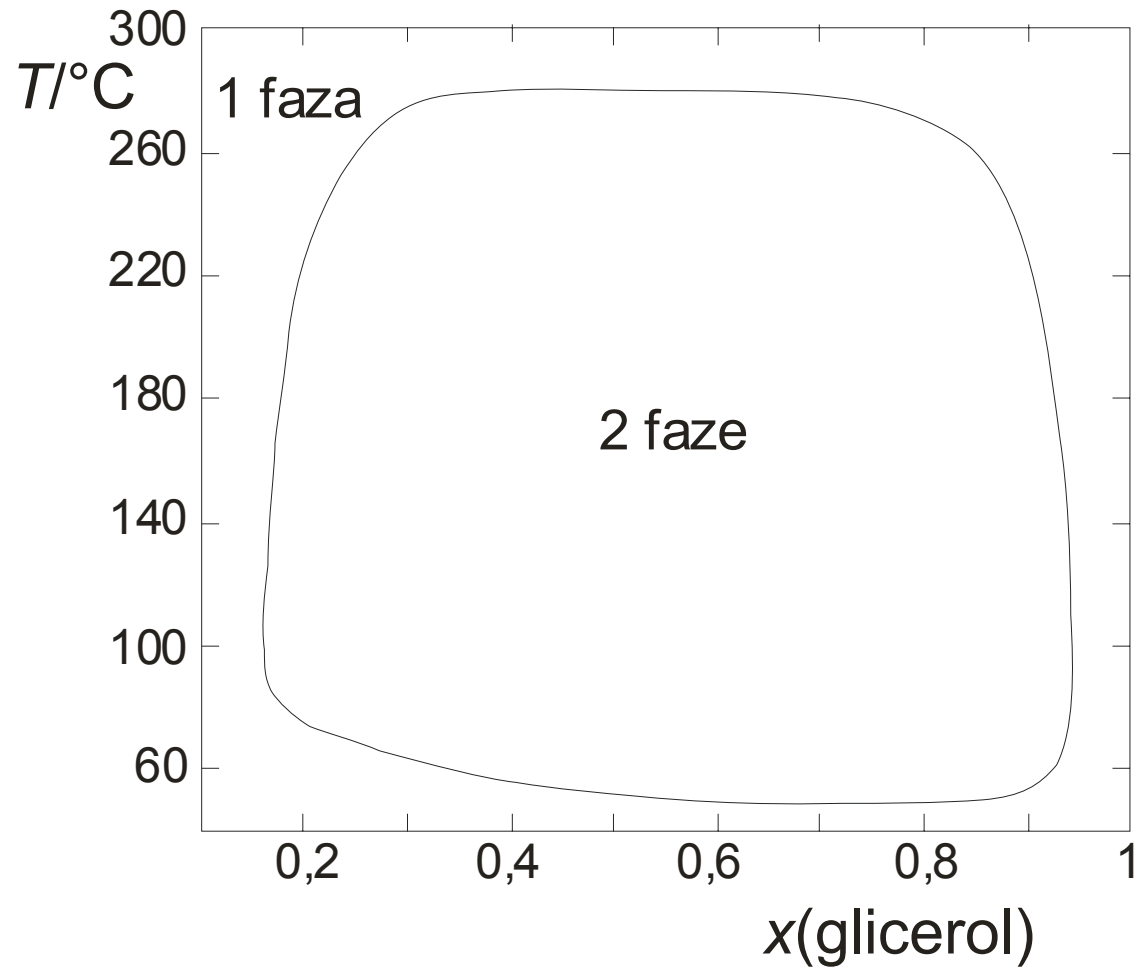


Sumpor - benzen

# Fazni dijagrami

Ovisnost ravnotežnih sastava o temperaturi

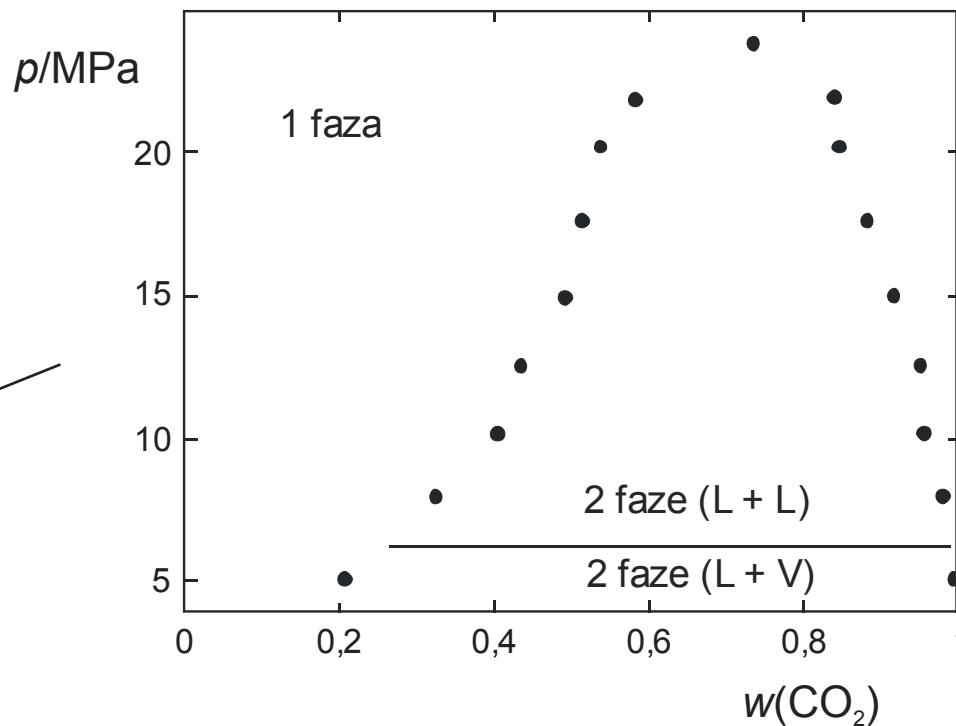
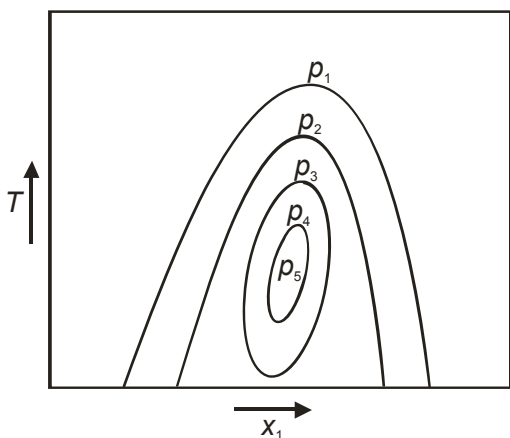
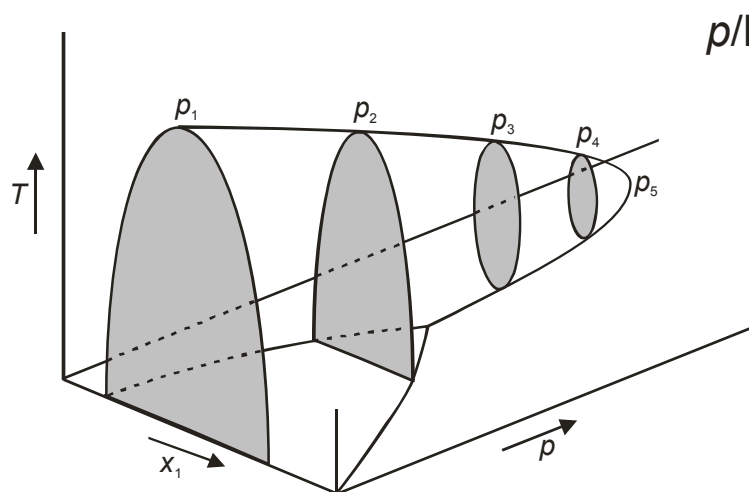
Glicerol - benziletilamin





# Fazni dijagrami

Ovisnost o tlaku – mala



CO<sub>2</sub> – *n*-oktanol  
Gauter i suradnici  
393 K

# Uvjeti fazne ravnoteže

Prvi zakon termodinamike – bilančne jednadžbe

$$\sum_{i=1}^{nk} n_i^{\text{F}} = \sum_{i=1}^{nk} n_i^{\text{I}} + \sum_{i=1}^{nk} n_i^{\text{II}} \quad \text{Ukupna bilanca tvari}$$

$$n^{\text{F}} z_i^{\text{F}} = n^{\text{I}} x_i^{\text{I}} + n^{\text{II}} x_i^{\text{II}} \quad \text{Bilanca po komponentama}$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^{nk} x_i^{\text{I}} = 1 \quad \sum_{i=1}^{nk} x_i^{\text{II}} = 1 \quad \text{Bilanca po fazama}$$

Bilanca energije za izolirani sustav

$$H^{\text{F}} = H^{\text{I}} + H^{\text{II}}$$

# Uvjeti fazne ravnoteže

Drugi zakon termodinamike

$$S = \max. \quad dS = 0 \quad \text{Izolirani sustav}$$

Ekvivalentni uvjeti za dvofazne, višekomponentne sustave

$$T^{\text{I}} = T^{\text{II}}$$

$$p^{\text{I}} = p^{\text{II}}$$

$$\mu_i^{\text{I}} = \mu_i^{\text{II}}$$

# Jednadžba fazne ravnoteže

$$\mu_i^{\text{I}} = \mu_i^{\text{II}}$$

Jednakost kemijskih potencijala

$$\mu_i = \mu_i^\circ + RT \ln a_i$$

Uvođenje aktivnosti

$$\mu_i^{\text{I}\circ} + RT \ln a_i^{\text{I}} = \mu_i^{\text{II}\circ} + RT \ln a_i^{\text{II}}$$

Ravnotežna jednadžba

$$\mu_i^{\text{I}\circ} = \mu_i^{\text{II}\circ}$$

Simetrična definicija standardnog stanja  
Čista kapljevina pri temperaturi i tlaku sustava

$$a_i^{\text{I}} = a_i^{\text{II}}$$

Jednakost aktivnosti

Koeficijent raspodjele  
K-vrijednost

$$a_i = x_i \gamma_i$$

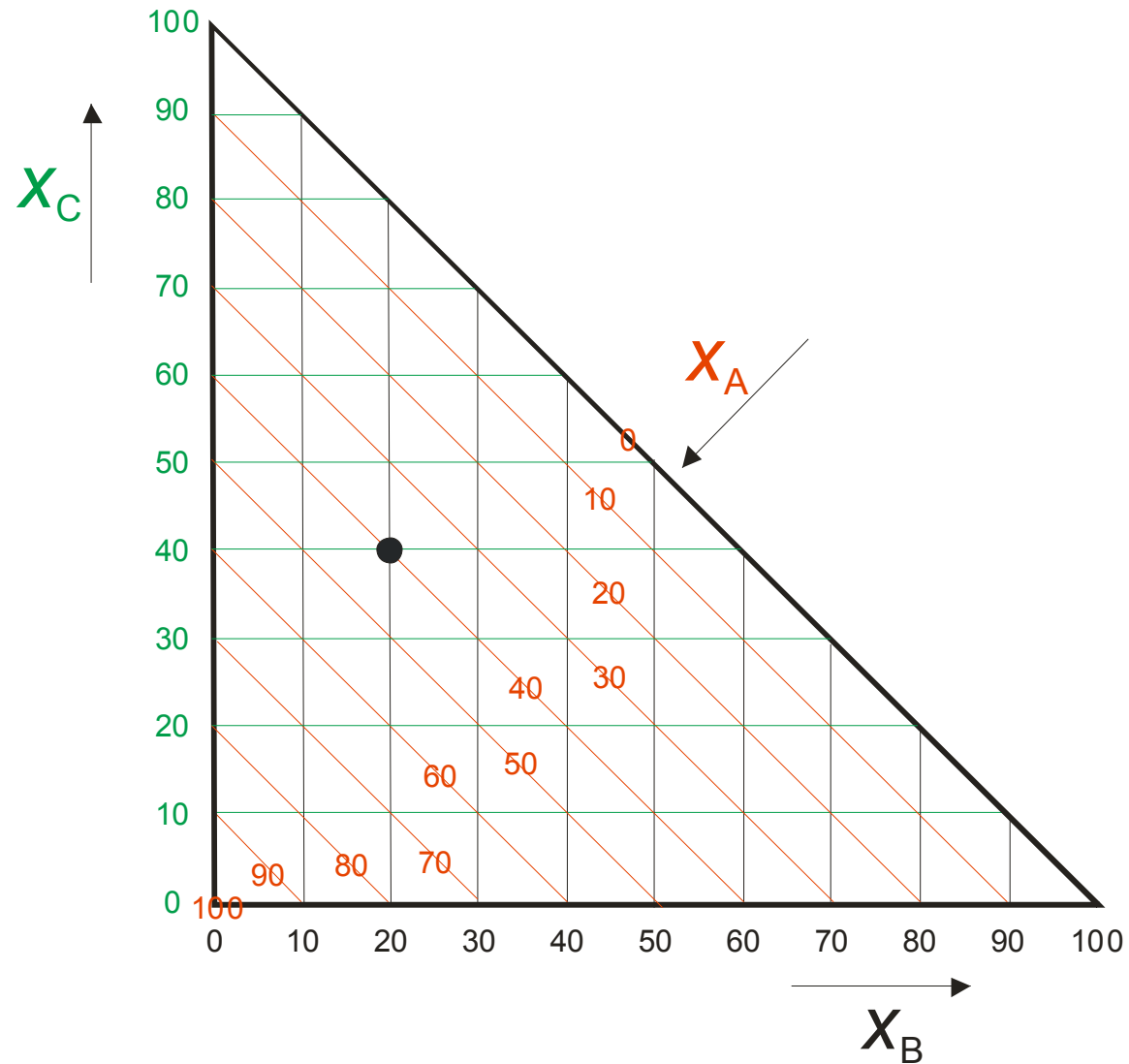
Uvođenje koeficijenta aktivnosti

$$x_i^{\text{I}} \gamma_i^{\text{I}} = x_i^{\text{II}} \gamma_i^{\text{II}}$$

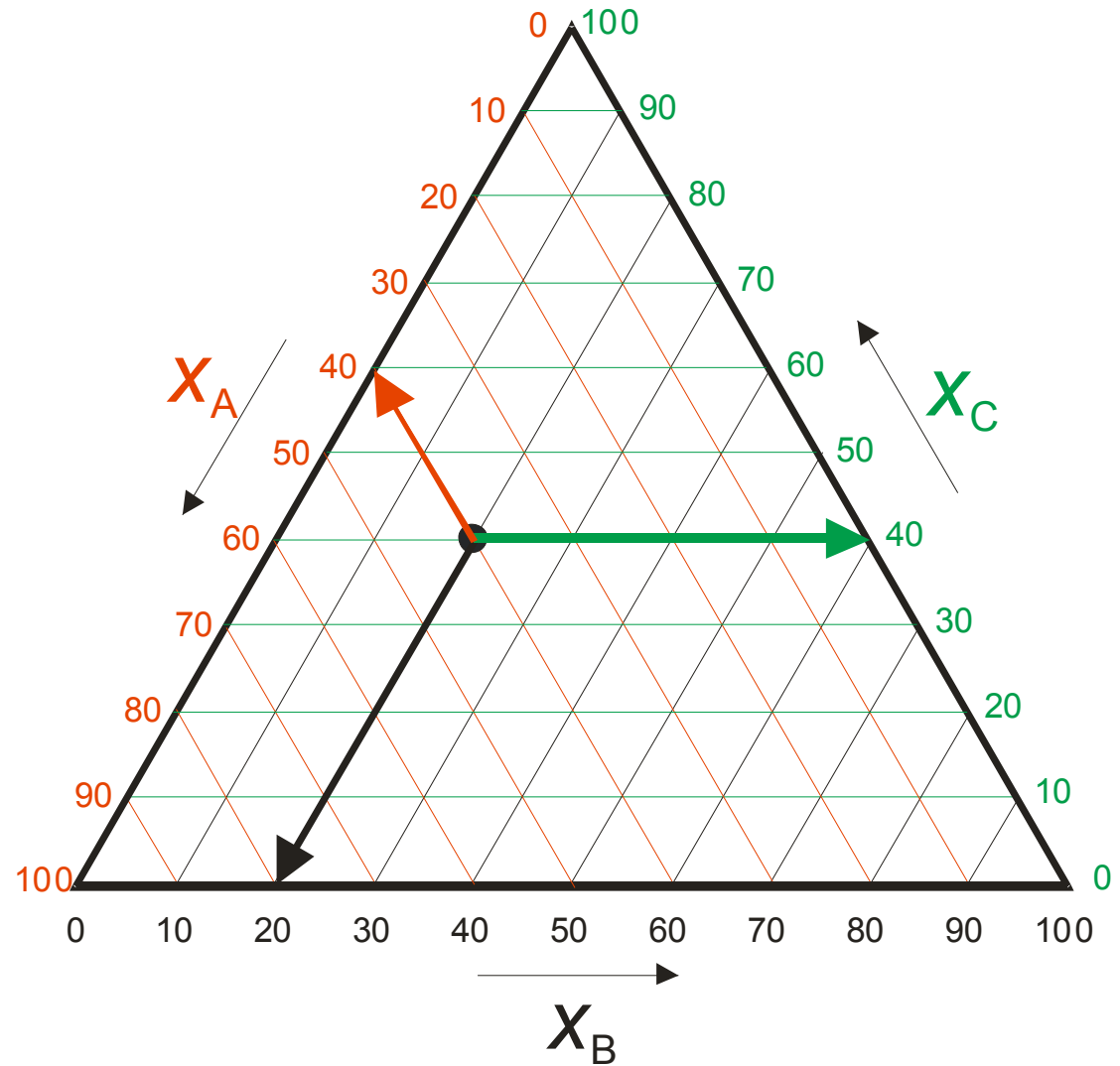
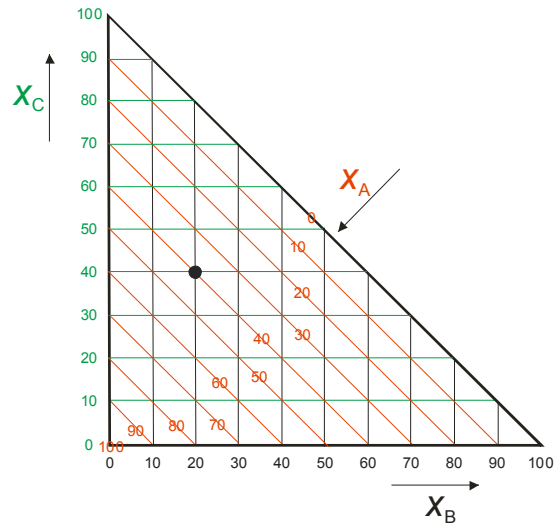
Ravnotežna jednadžba

$$K_\gamma = \frac{x_i^{\text{I}}}{x_i^{\text{II}}} = \frac{\gamma_i^{\text{II}}}{\gamma_i^{\text{I}}}$$

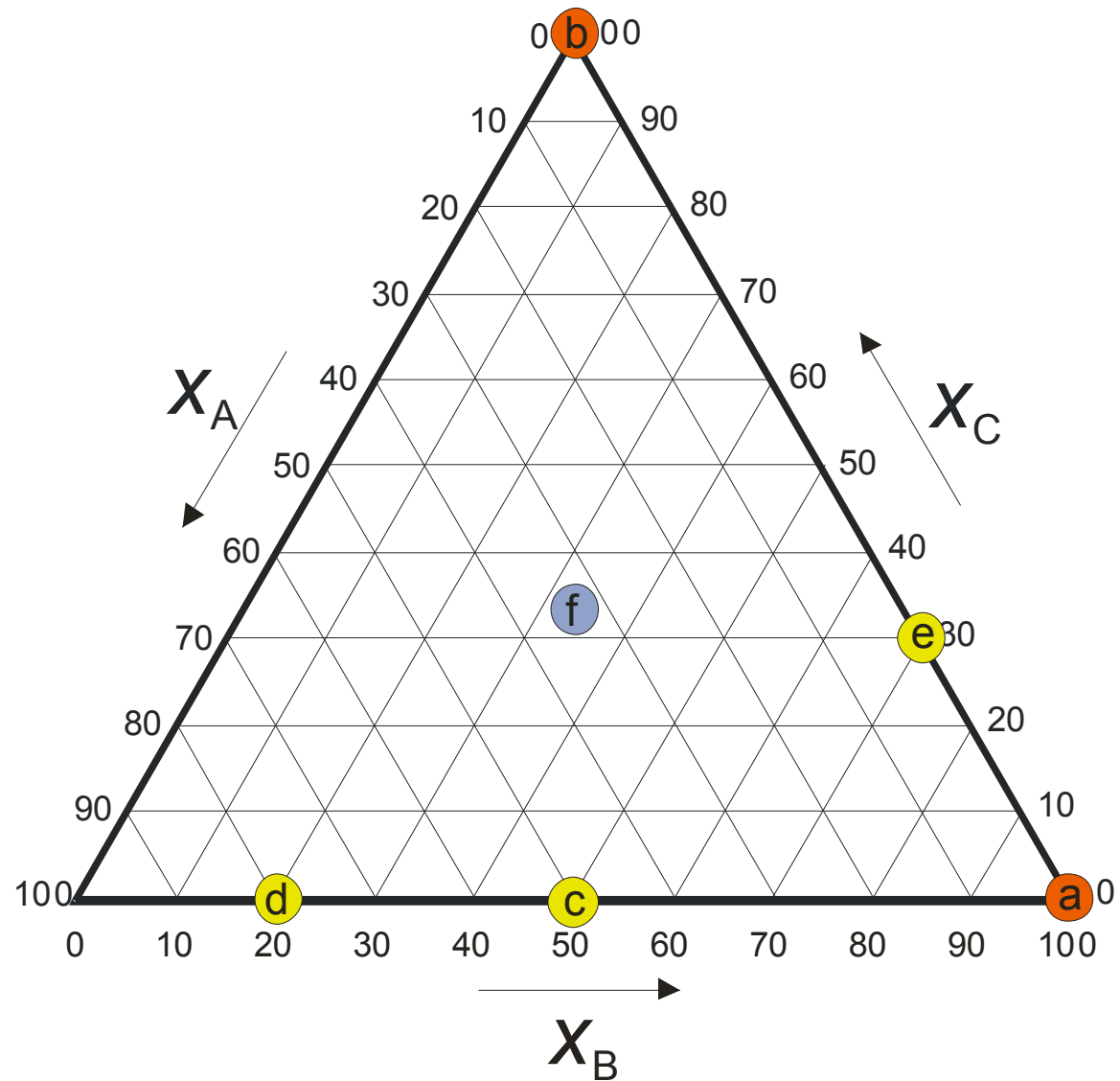
# Trokutni dijagrami



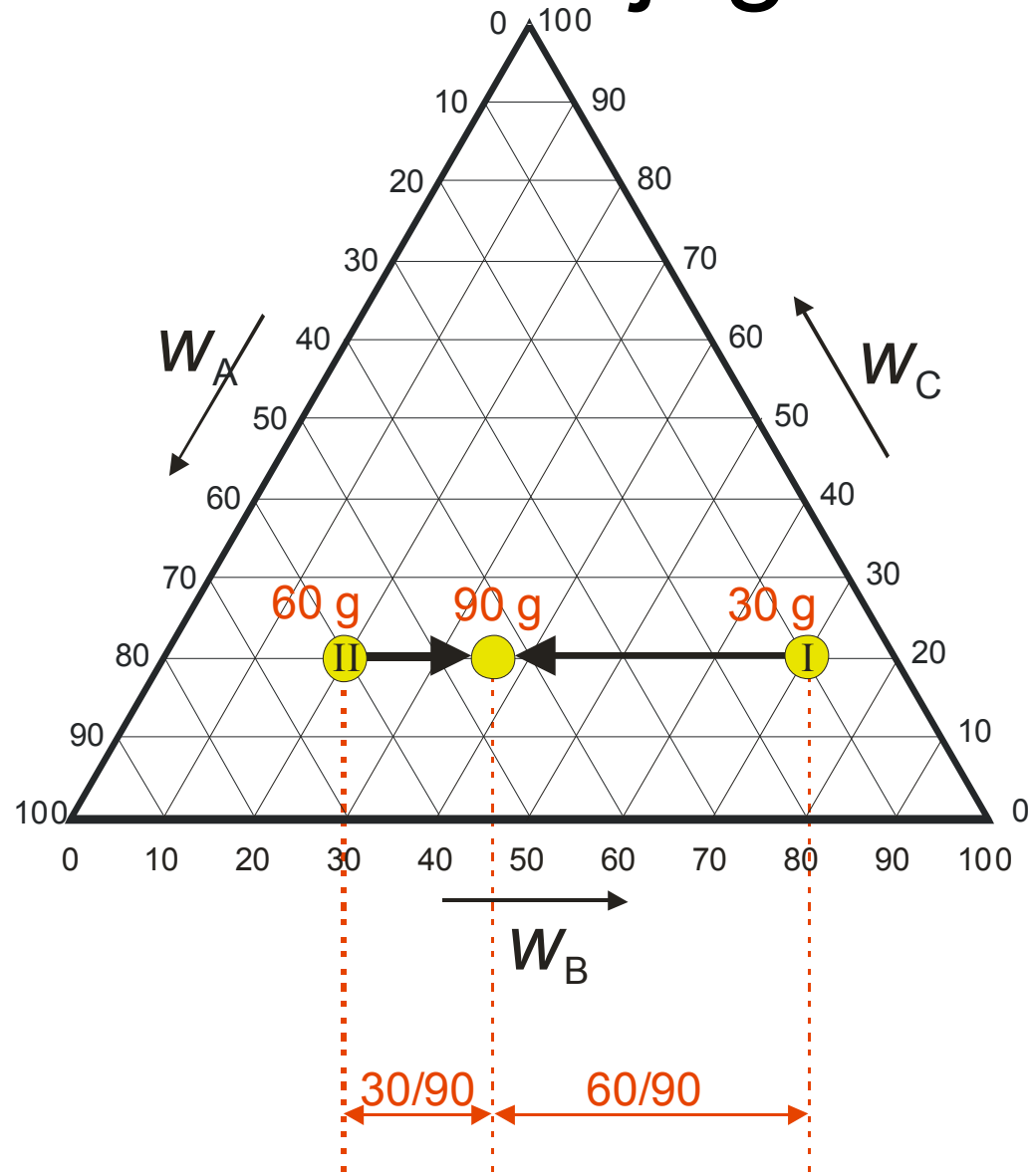
# Trokutni dijagrami



# Trokutni dijagrami

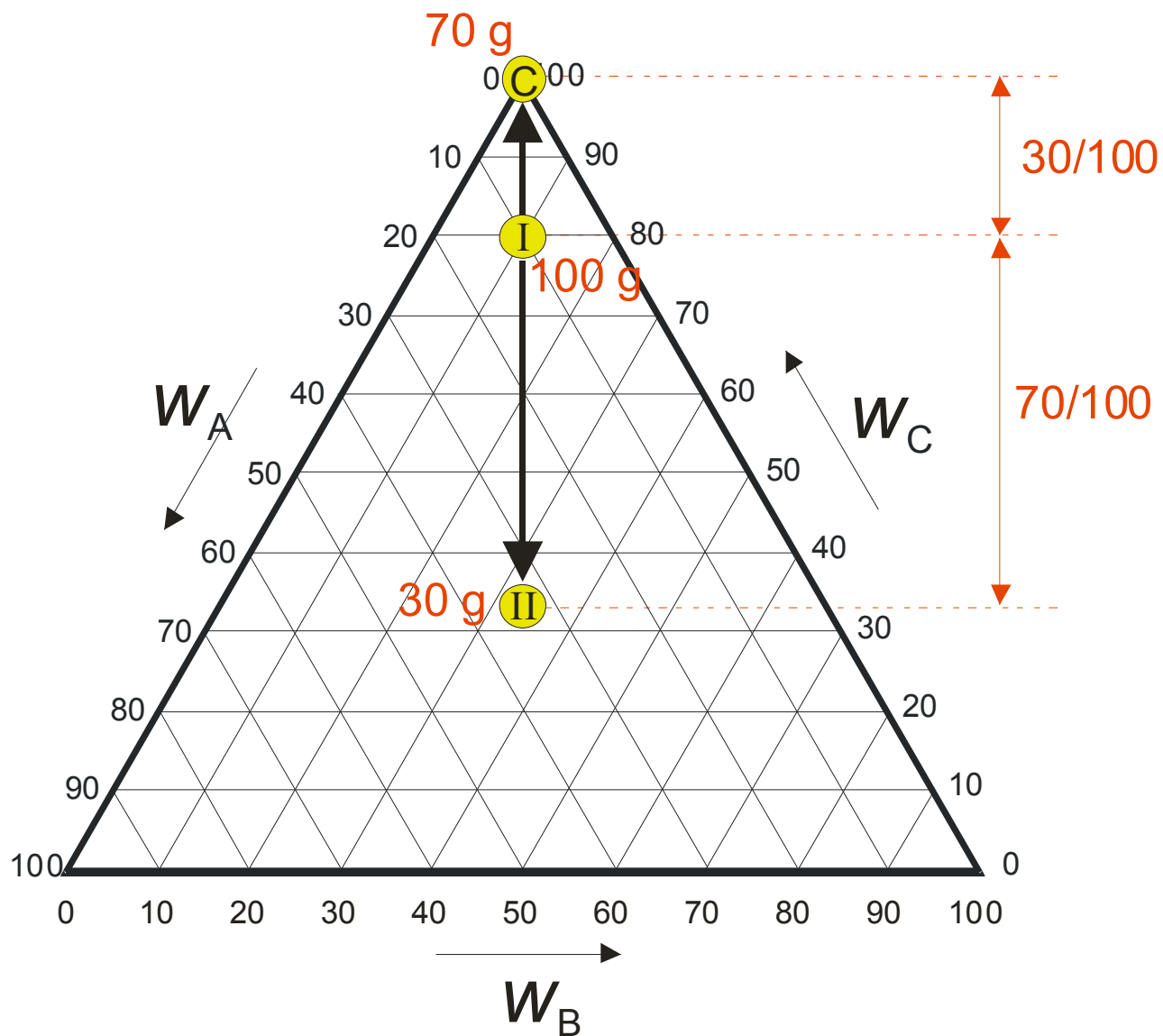


# Trokutni dijagrami

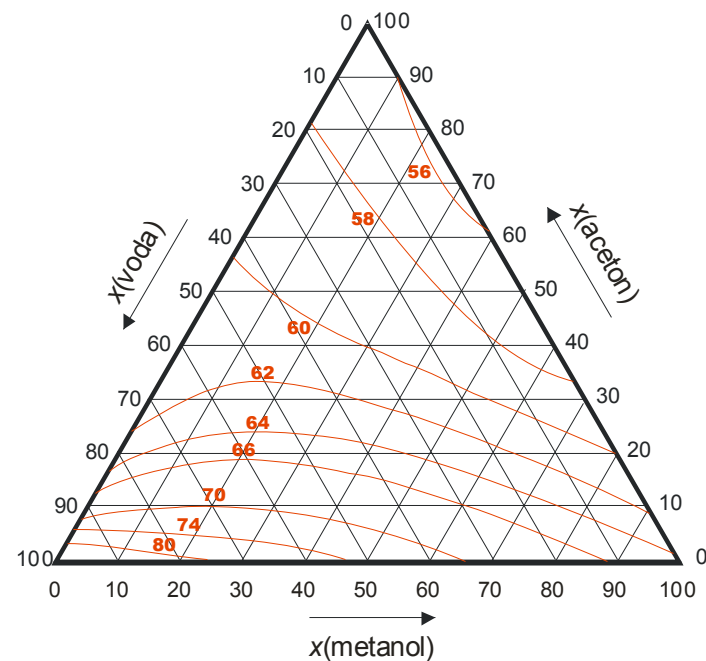
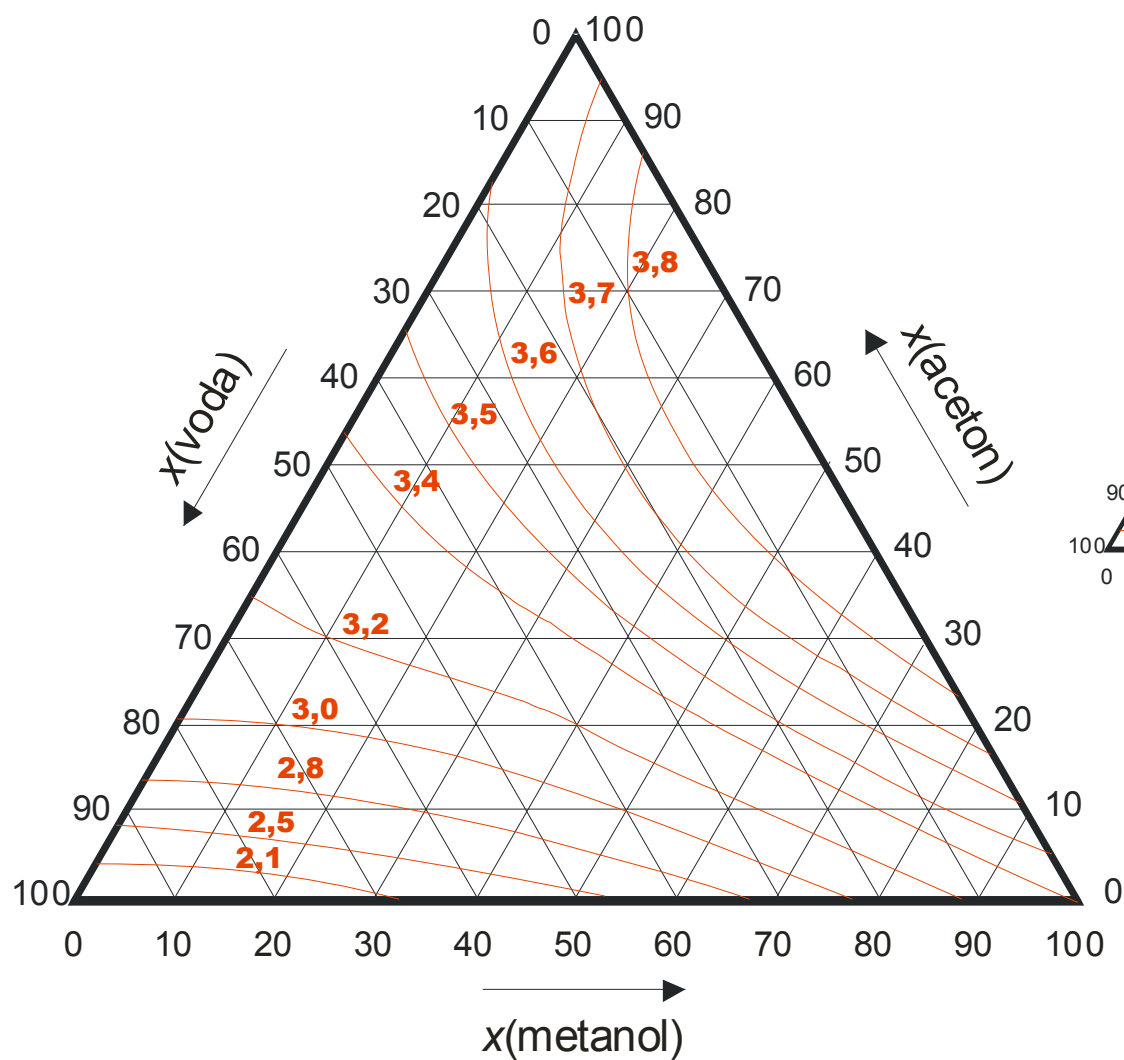




# Trokutni dijagrami

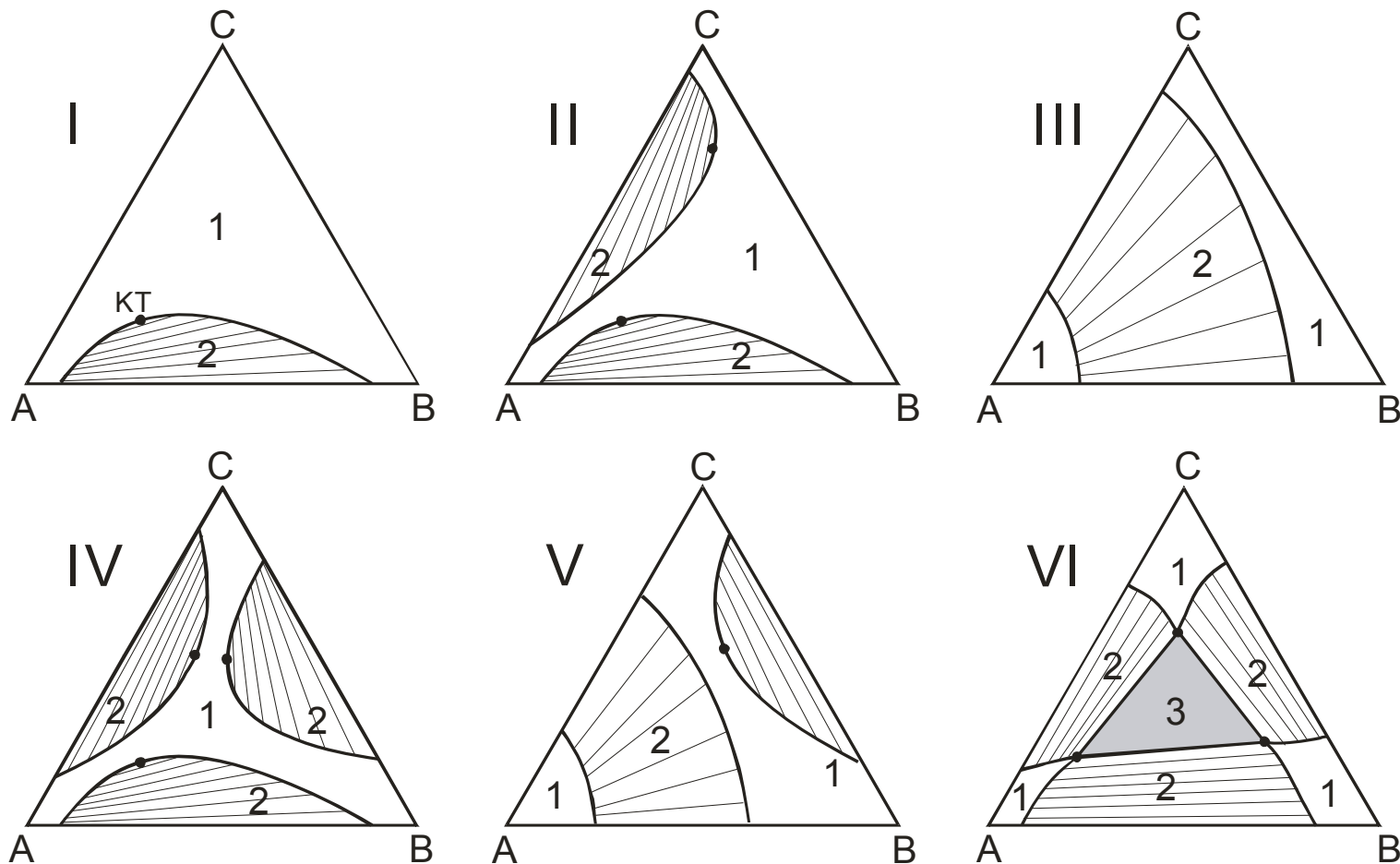


# Trokutni dijagrami



Griswold & Wong  
100 °C  
Ili  
101325 Pa

# Trokutni dijagrami



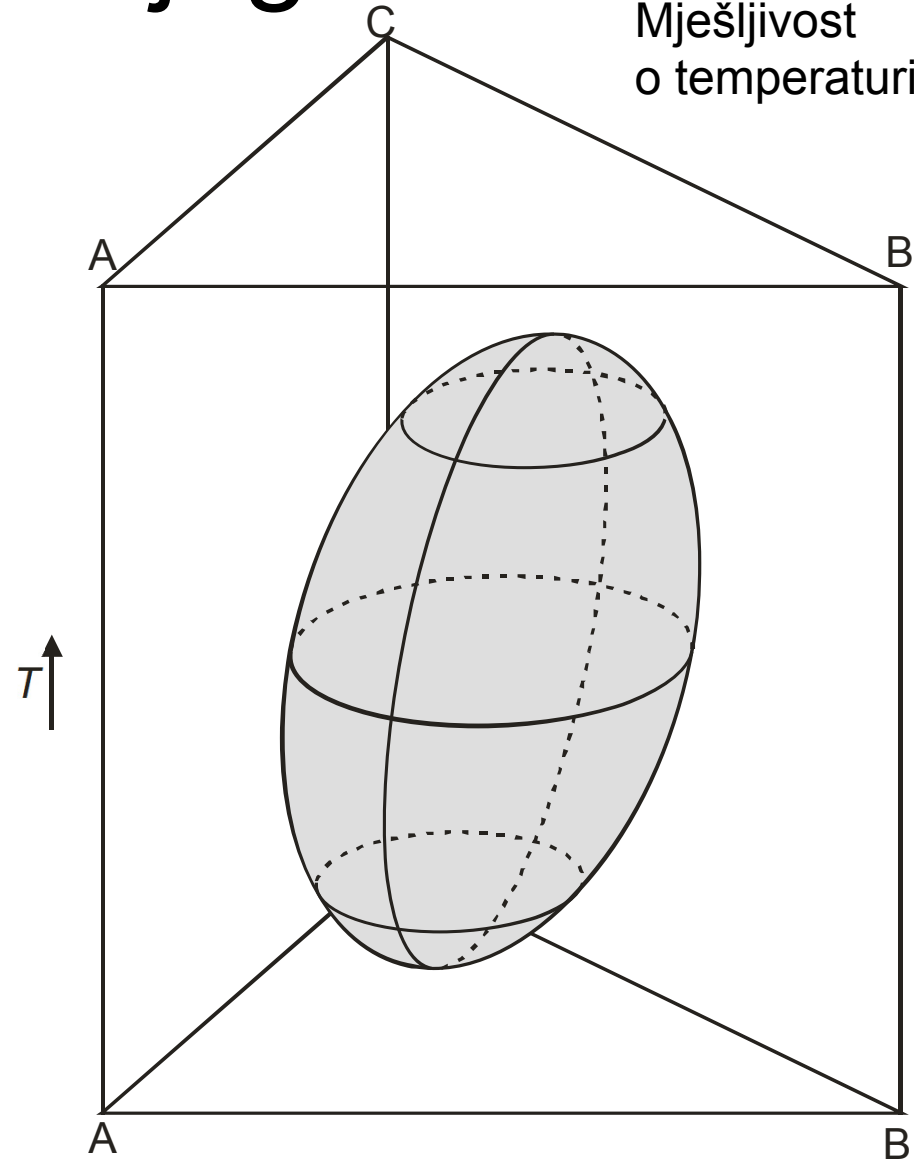
Binodalna krivulja

Vezna linija

Kritična točka

# Trokutni dijagrami

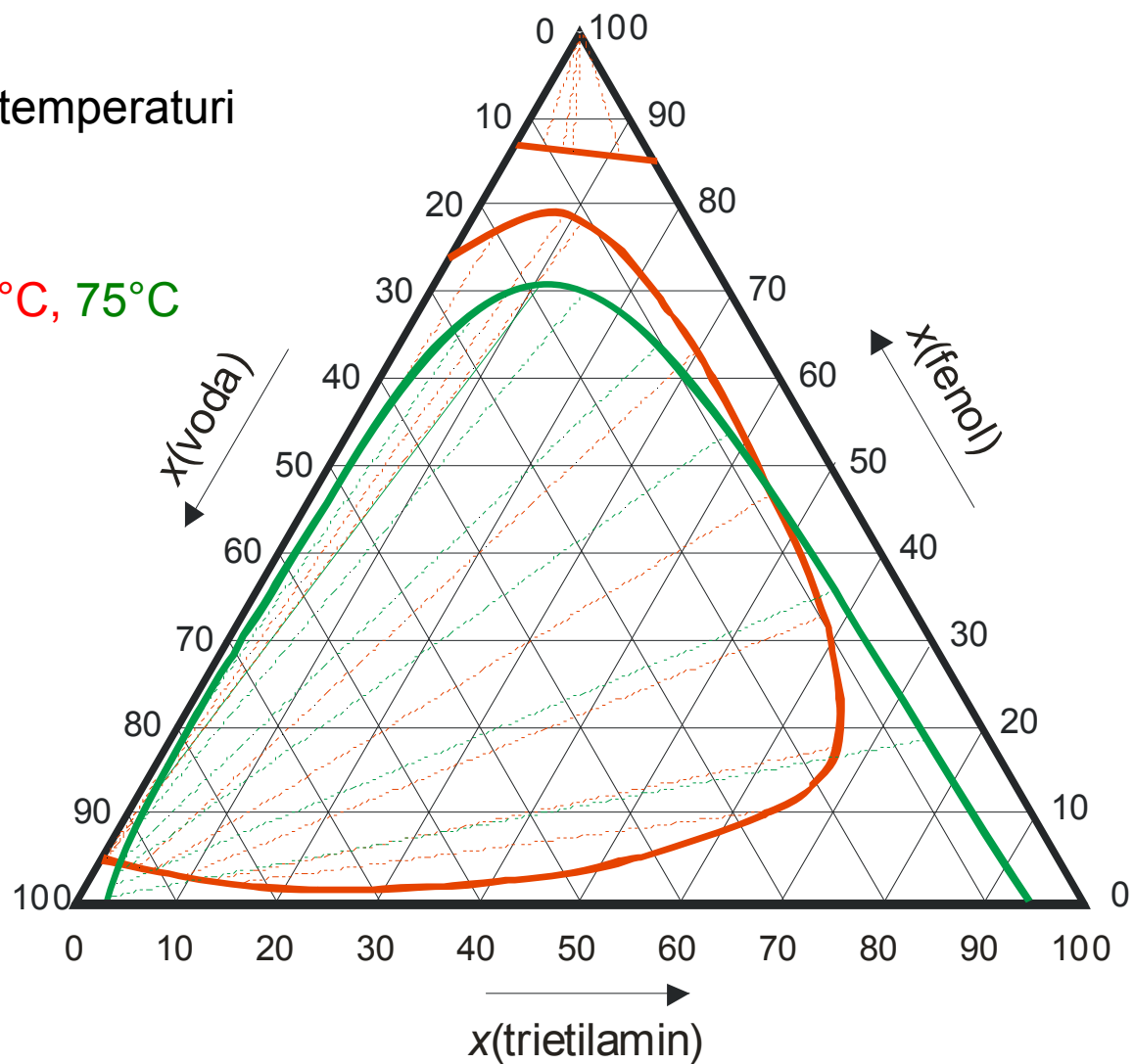
Ovisnost  
Mješljivost  
o temperaturi



# Trokutni dijagrami

Ovisnost mješljivosti o temperaturi

Meerburg 10°C, 75°C



# Trokomponentni dvofazni sustavi

Određivanje parametara modela iz eksperimenta

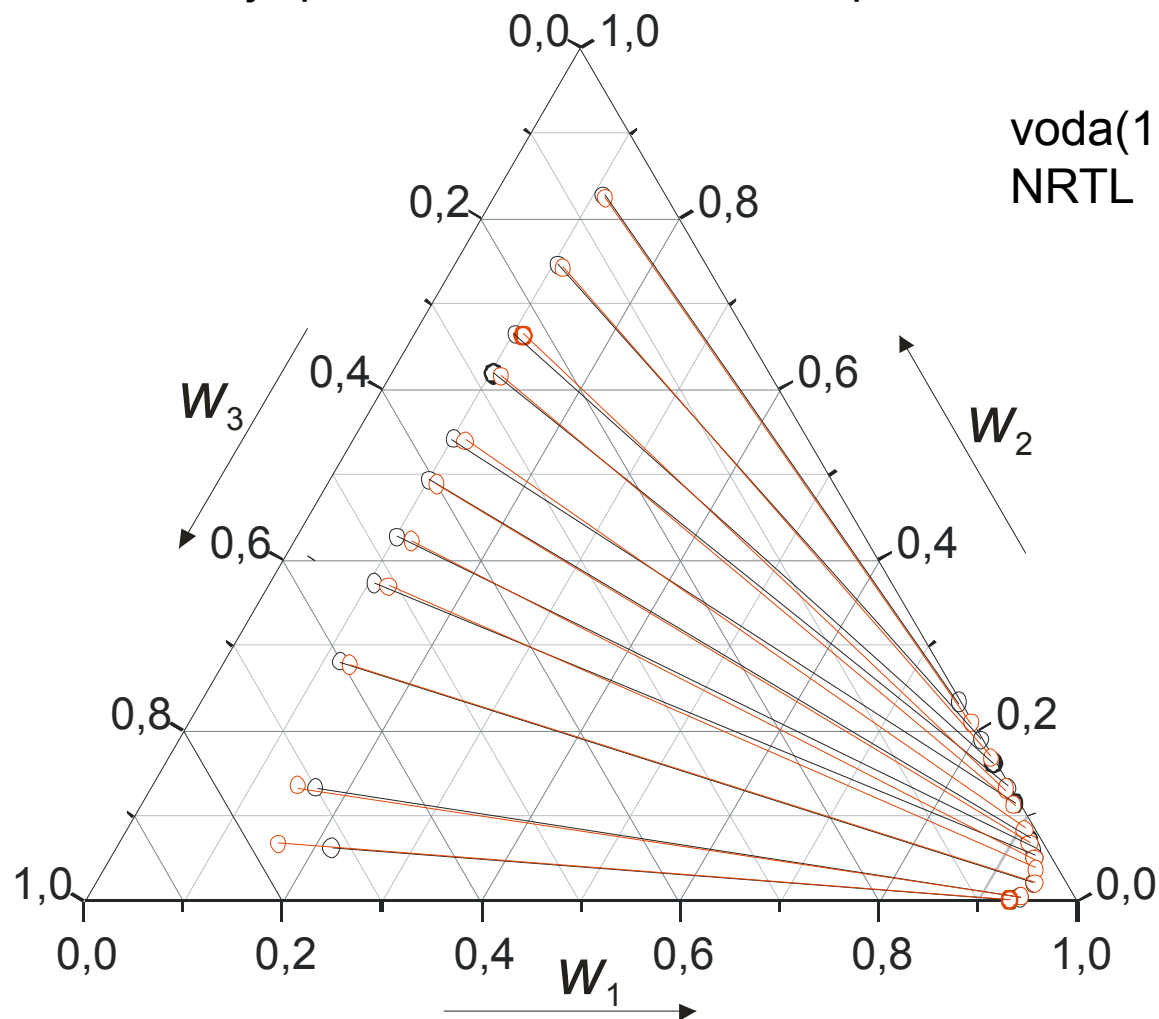
Sorensen-Arlt

$$OF_2 = \sum_{j=1}^{nd} \sum_{i=1}^3 \left( \frac{x_i^I \gamma_i^I - x_i^{II} \gamma_i^{II}}{x_i^I \gamma_i^I + x_i^{II} \gamma_i^{II}} \right)_j^2$$

$$OF_3 = \sum_{j=1}^{nd} \sum_{i=1}^3 \sum_{p=I,II}^2 \left[ \left( x_i^p \right)_{\text{exp}} - \left( x_i^p \right)_{\text{mod}} \right]_j^2$$

# Trokomponentni dvofazni sustavi

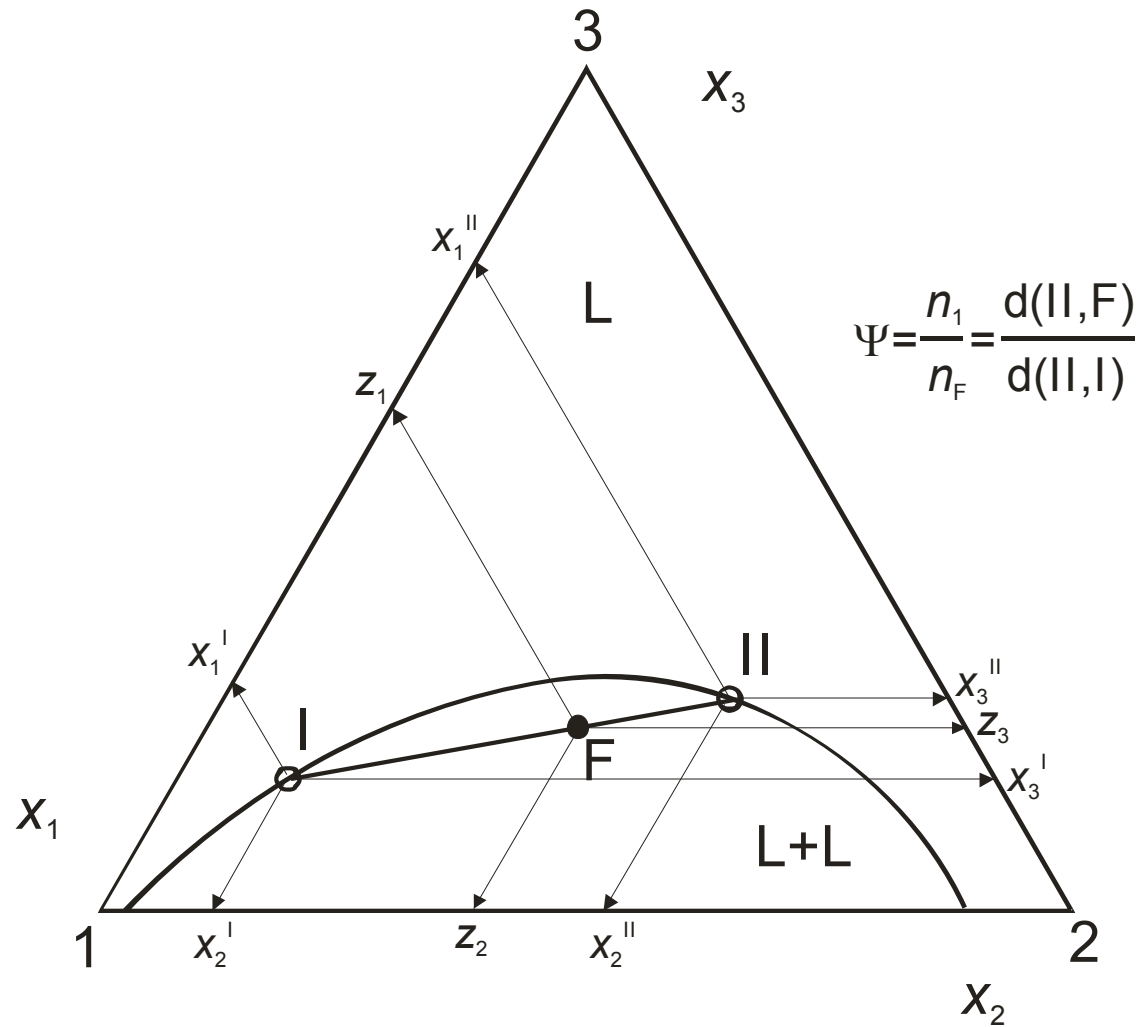
Određivanje parametara modela iz eksperimenta



# Trokomponentni dvofazni sustavi

Izračunavanje veznih linija – numeričke vježbe

Ekstrakcijski *flash*





# Trokomponentni dvofazni sustavi

Izračunavanje veznih linija – numeričke vježbe

Ekstrakcijski *flash*

Formulacija  $p, T, z_i \rightarrow x_i^I, x_i^{II}, \Psi$

$$K_{\gamma} = \frac{x_i^I}{x_i^{II}} = \frac{\gamma_i^{II}(p, T, x_i^{II})}{\gamma_i^I(p, T, x_i^I)} \quad \text{Ravnotežne jednačbe}$$

$$z_i = x_i^I \Psi + x_i^{II} (1 - \Psi) \quad \text{Bilanca za komponente}$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^{nk} x_i^I = 1 \quad \sum_{i=1}^{nk} x_i^{II} = 1 \quad \text{Jedan od bilančnih faznih uvjeta}$$

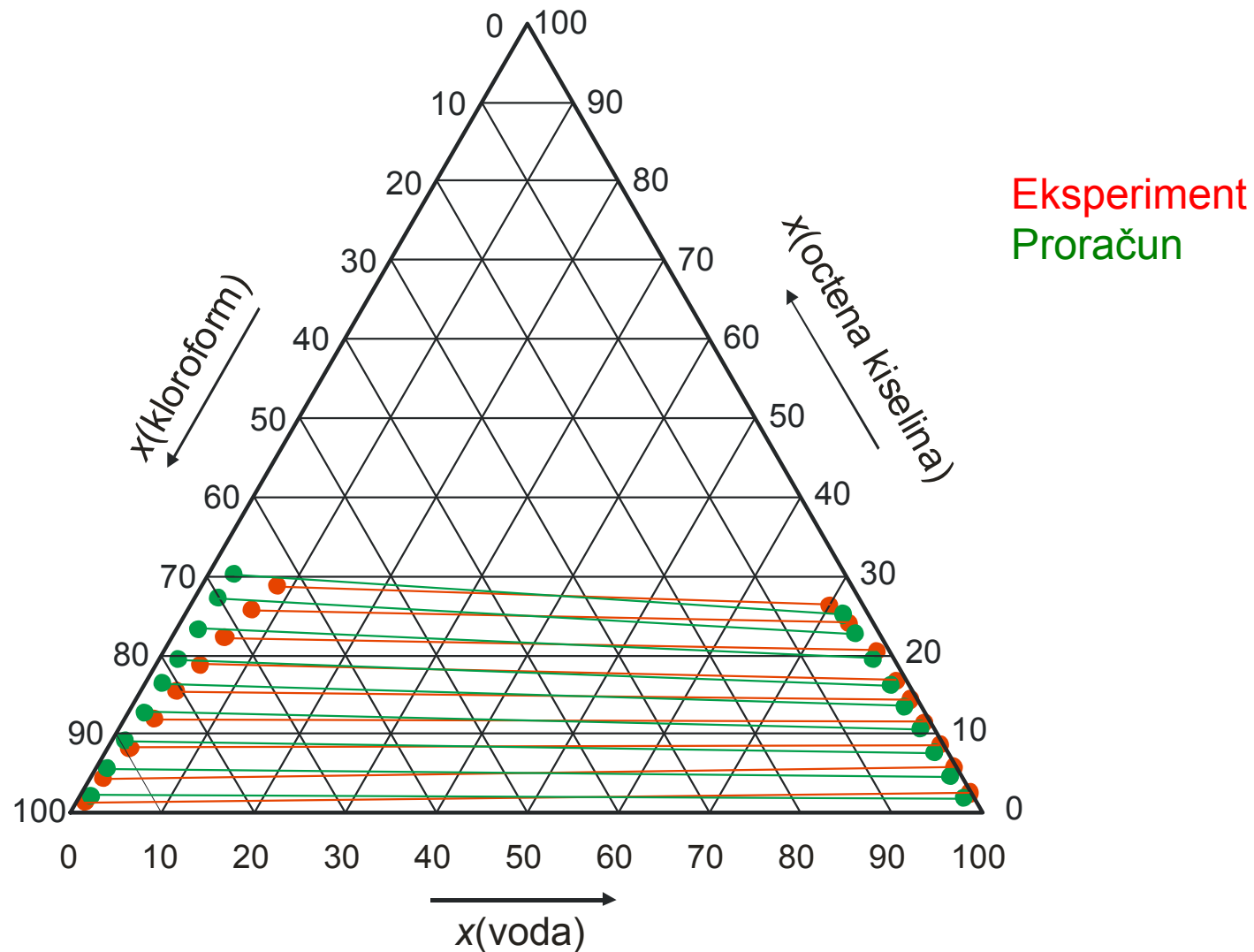
$$\sum_{i=1}^{nk} x_i^I - \sum_{i=1}^{nk} x_i^{II} = 0$$

Rachford-Rice

$$f(\Psi) = -1 + \sum_{i=1}^{nk} \frac{z_i}{1 + \Psi(K_{\gamma_i} - 1)} = 0 \quad \text{Kombinacija}$$

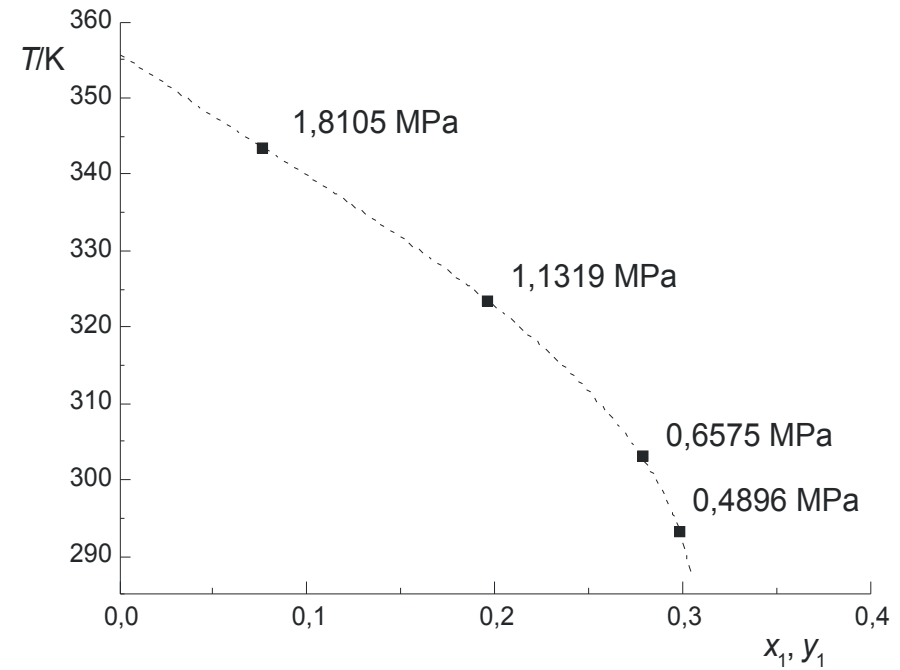
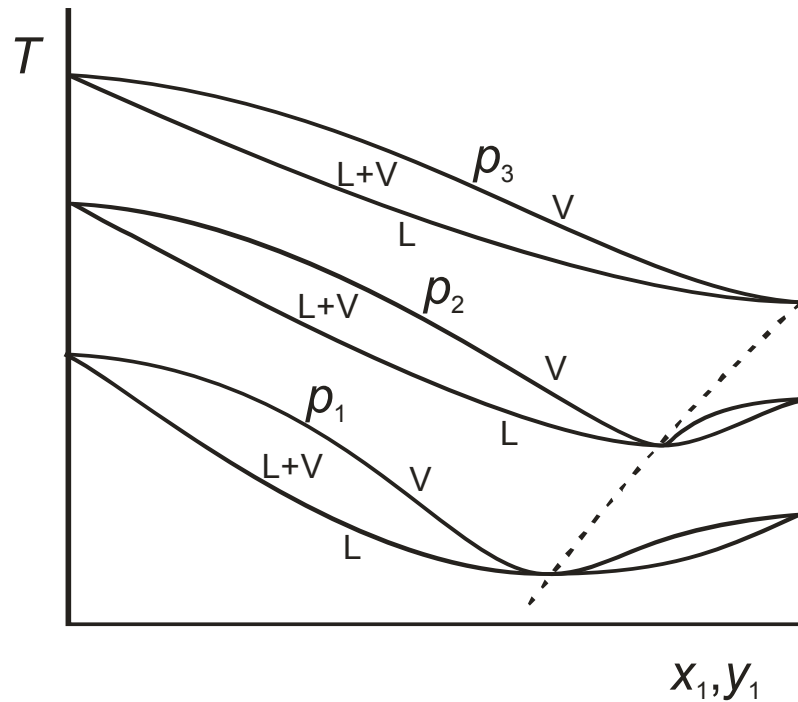
$$f(\Psi) = \sum_{i=1}^{nk} \frac{z_i(K_{\gamma_i} - 1)}{1 + \Psi(K_{\gamma_i} - 1)} = 0$$

# Trokomponentni dvofazni sustavi



# Razdvajanje azeotropa

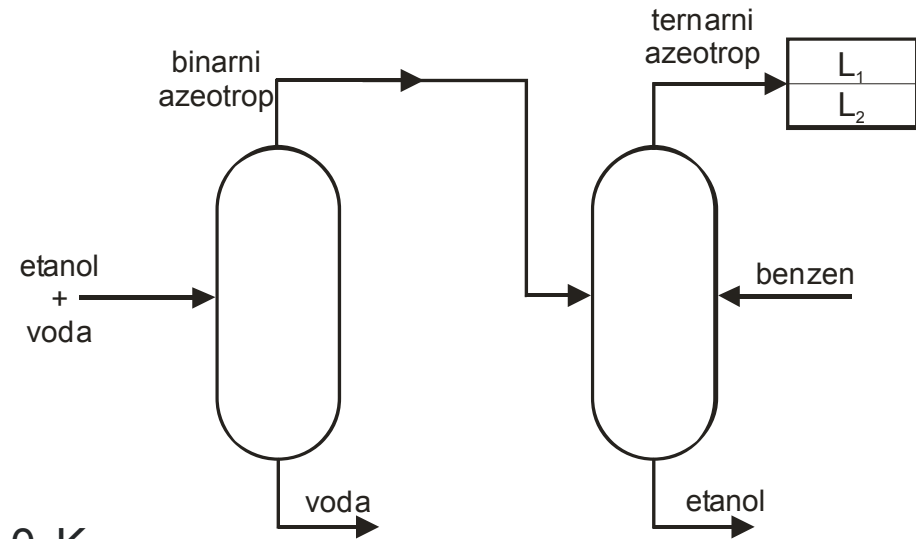
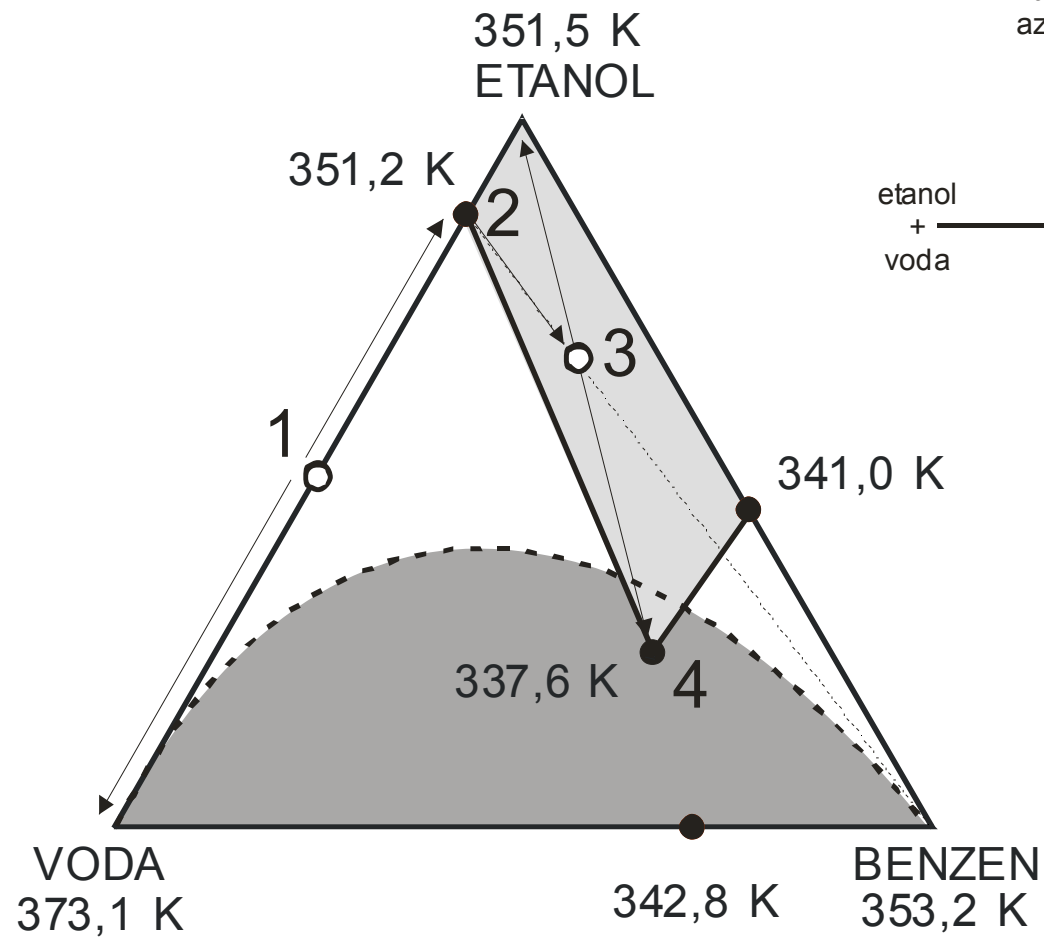
Istiskivanje azeotropa mijenjanjem tlaka



Valtz i suradnici  
tetrafluoroetan (1) – dimetileter (2)

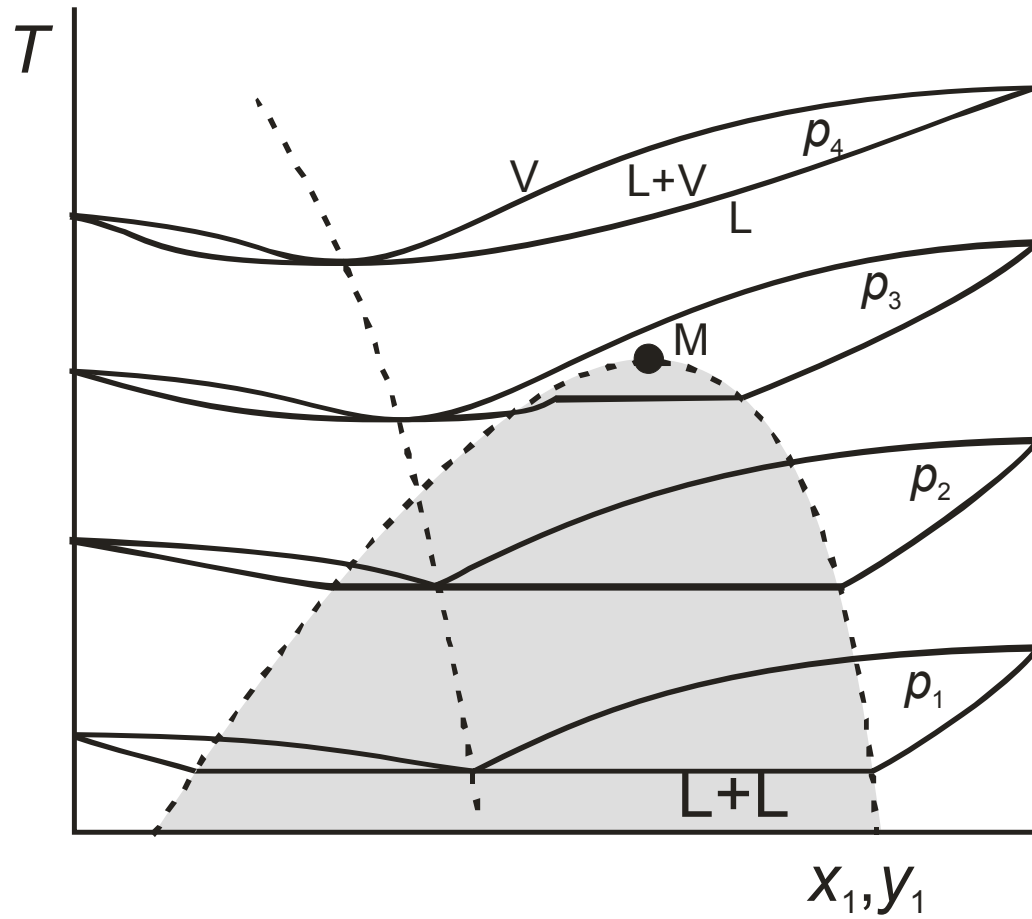
# Razdvajanje azeotropa

Uvođenje treće komponente



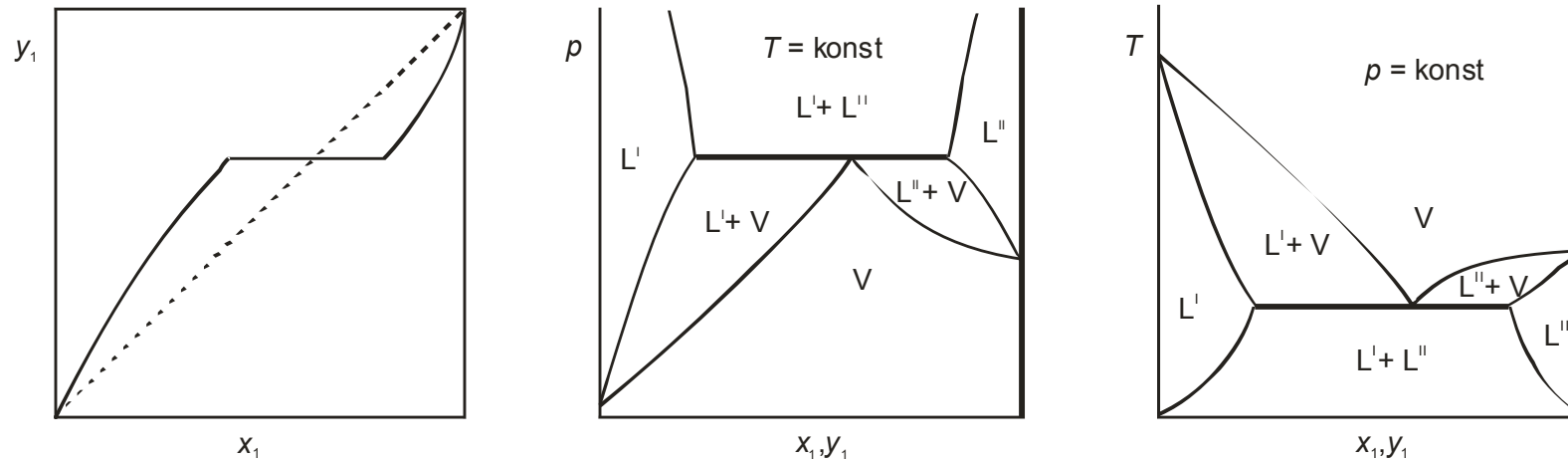
# Para-kapljevina-kapljevina

Fazni dijagrami

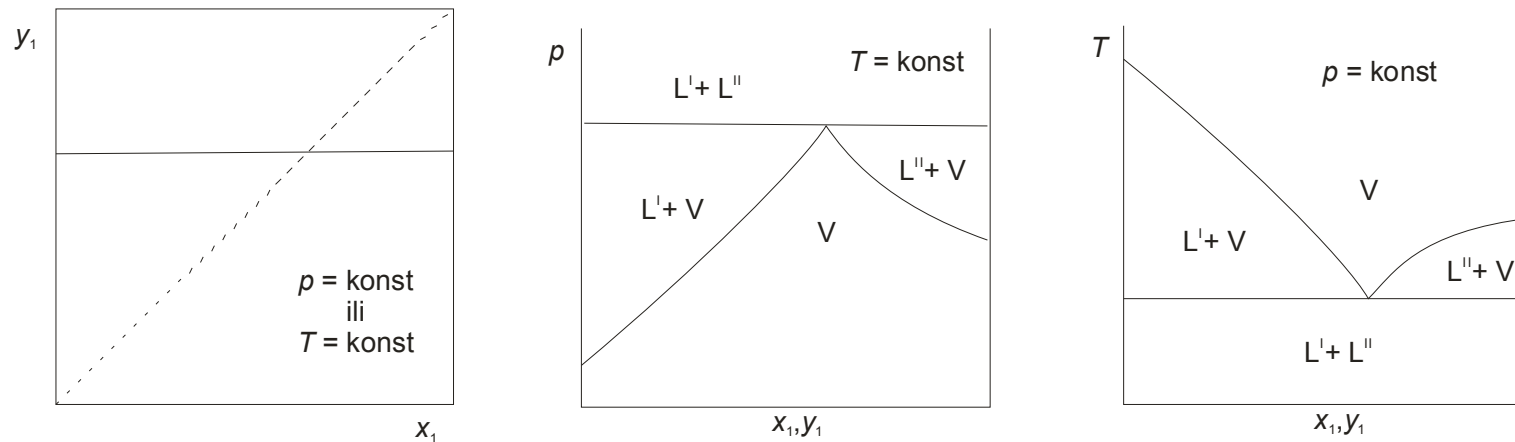


# Para-kapljevina-kapljevina

## Heterogeni azeotrop s minimumom vrelišta

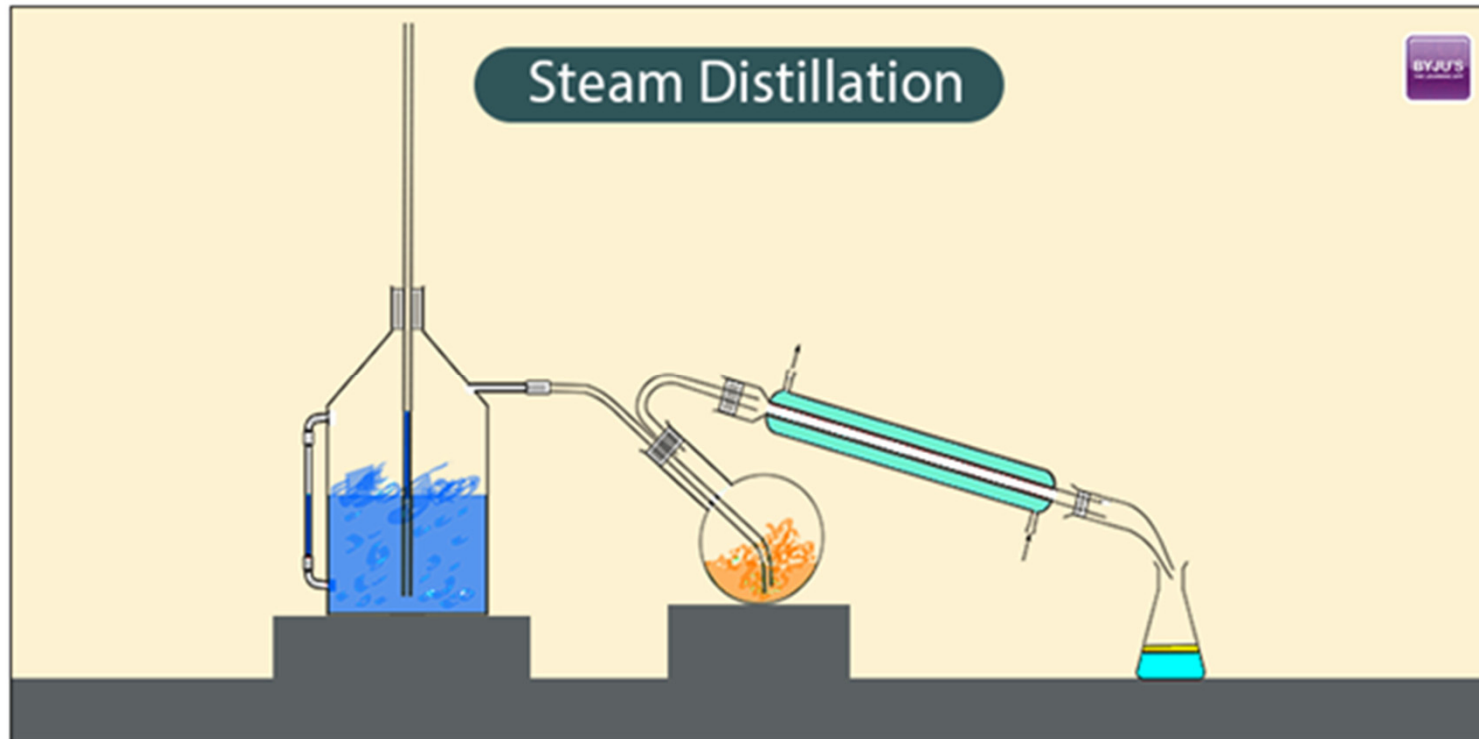
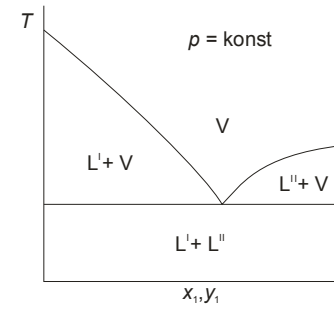
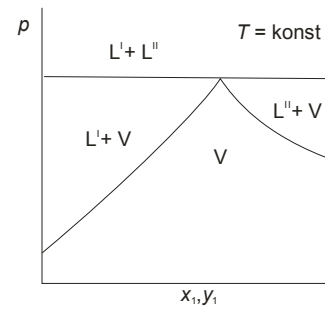
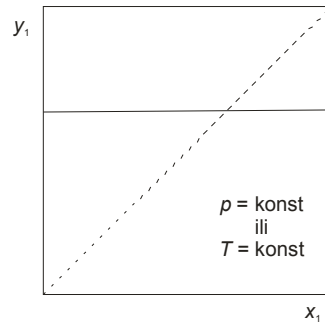


## Heterogeni azeotrop s minimumom vrelišta – potpuna nemješljivost



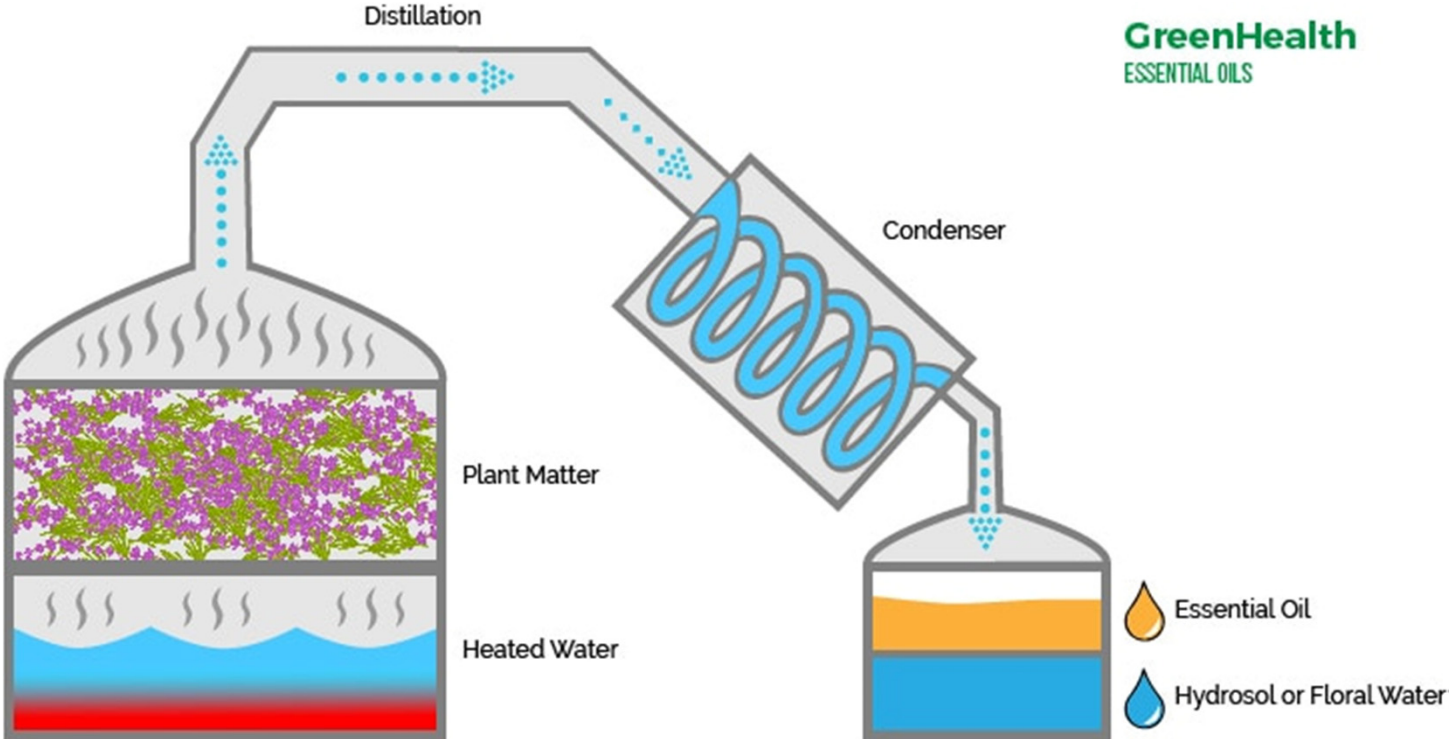
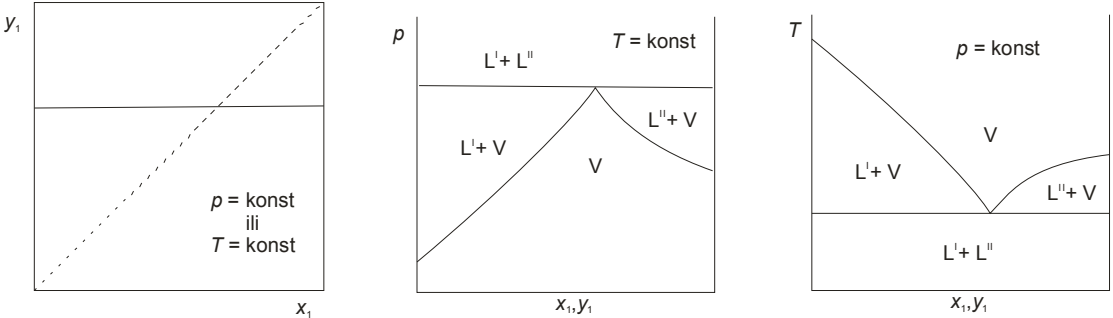
# Para-kapljevina-kapljevina

Destilacija vodenom parom



# Para-kapljevina-kapljevina

Destilacija vodenom parom

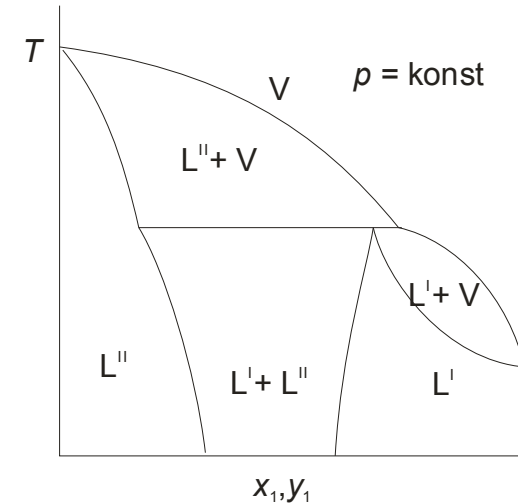
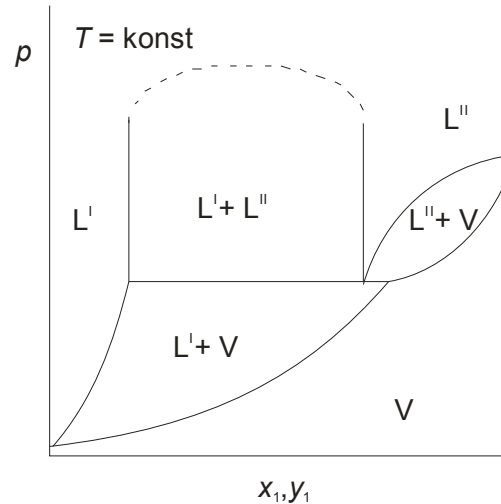
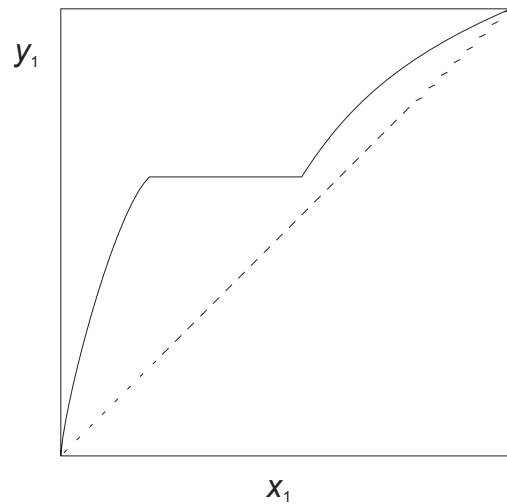




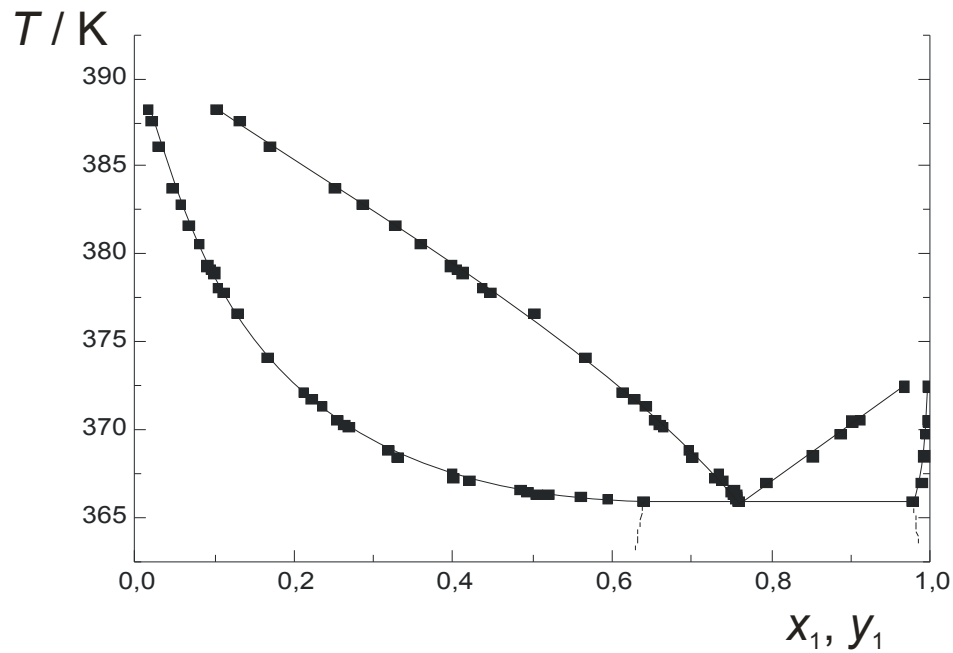
# Para-kapljevina-kapljevina

Djelimična mješljivost bez heterogenog azeotropa

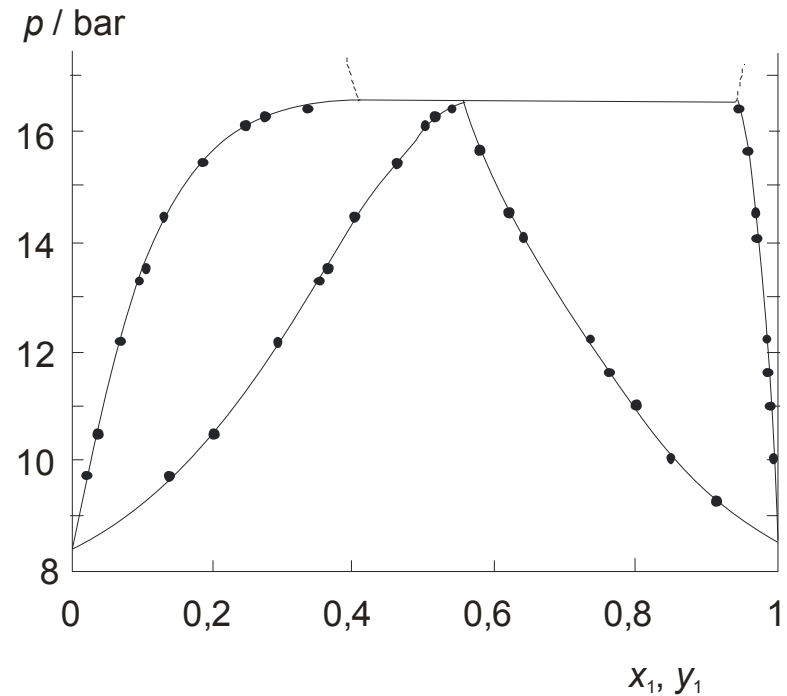
Nemješljivost se pojavljuje između vrelišta čistih komponenata



# Para-kapljevina-kapljevina



Voda(1) – *n*-butanol(2)  
101325 Pa  
K. Iwakabe i H. Kosuge



amonijak (1) – voda (2)  
293 K  
Gmehling i Onken zbirka

# Para-kapljevina-kapljevina

Proračuni

- proračun ravnoteže kapljevina-kapljevina
- proračun ravnoteže barem jedne od kapljevinih faza s parom.

